THE TIMES
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Victoria Daily Times.

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C. E. JONES, 36 Gov't St.
Always Open.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, APRIL 13, 1894. No. 92

RINGS

Set with Diamonds (single and in cluster), Rubies, Emeralds, Saphires, Opals and Pearls.

A large assortment of unset stones always on hand which can be mounted at short notice. Prices are AWAY DOWN at

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S,
.....47 Government Street.

Don't Wait and Miss It.

CLEARANCE SALE.

Books and Stationery

During this Month Only.

All Goods in this Line Reduced.
Cloth Bound Books HALF PRICE.

J. JOHSTON & CO.'S BOOKSTORE.

JACKETS AND CAPES

Direct from the Manufacturer. The Latest Effects. Exclusive Styles. 4 Cases received this morning at

The Westside.

Over 60 different designs and makes in Jackets to select from. Over 60 novelties in capes—all different. This complete assortment for Spring and Summer wear surpasses anything we have ever shown.

Goods on Sale, To-Morrow, Wednesday.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

Our Spring Goods Have Come

We have opened up some beautiful styles in TAN BOOTS AND SHOES. These goods are some of the best ever imported. Come and see. See and buy. You can't help it.

A. B. Erskine,
...Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

PERRY & TURNER,
42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.

Builders' Hardware,
Stoves
Tinware and
Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights
And Roofing.

I.X.L.—The Best Steel Range Made.

LAME BACK
NEURALGIA, PLEURISY, SCIATICA AND RHEUMATISM CURED EVERY TIME WHEN THE "D. & L." MENTHOL PLASTER IS USED.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—A flute, Boehm system, key of D. Apply 75 Fort street. j a13-1w

WANTED—A second-hand ice cream freezer, about three gallons. Apply P. O. Box 410, Vancouver. a13-2t

LOST—A ladies' black Oxford tie on Fort or Government streets. Finder will please return to Times office. a13-1t

DANCING AS USUAL at Sir William Wallace's Hall. Class Monday, gentlemen, 50 cents; ladies, 25 cents; social, Thursday, ladies free; children's class, Saturday, 2 o'clock, 25 cents each lesson.

Mortgagee's Sale.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in an Indenture of mortgage dated the 1st day of November, 1890, made between John Slater of the one part and Northing, Pinckney Snowden of the other part and subsequently transferred by him to Margaret Eliza McTavish, of Victoria, widow, tenders will be received by the undersigned for the purchase of the following described piece or parcel of land, namely, all that piece or parcel of land situate on Johnson street, in the city of Victoria, being the westerly two-thirds of the land known and numbered on the official map of the said city of Victoria, lot one hundred and seventy-seven (177), which same piece or parcel of land has a frontage on Johnson street of 40 feet and the depth of the whole lot, together with the appurtenances thereto belonging.

Tenders are to be delivered at the office of the undersigned not later than the 27th day of April, 1894.

The above named Margaret Eliza McTavish does not bind herself to accept the highest or any tender.

ERRETS & TAYLOR,
30 Langley street, Victoria,
Solicitors for the said Margaret Eliza McTavish.
Victoria, B. C., 13th April, 1894. a13-3t

ASSESSMENT SYSTEM.

The Massachusetts Benefit Life Association

Has written in the first fifteen years of its history four times as much insurance as the Mutual Life, seven times as much as the New York Life, and has at the beginning of its sixteenth year $105,381,605.00 insurance in force. Statement of business for 1893 was:

Policies written during the year,	6,744
members.	
Insurance written during the year	$10,656,600 00
Emergency or surplus fund:..	1,027,706 08
Amount carried to surplus fund during the year.....	236,362 29
Amount paid in losses during the year..	1,511,903 72

Total amount paid in losses since organization was $8,464,272.57. Out of this amount over $100,000 was paid out in Canada during the year of 1893. Massachusetts Benefit Life Association is so familiar to the people of the United States and Canada all know it stands well to the head of Life insurance companies.

In the good work of this association scarcely an hour passes that its beneficent actions is not called into force. There is no company that has ever done such good work, and establishes beyond peradventure a high standing with its policy holders, an army of people. The claim of the company to the public notice is first security; the company has deposited $50,000 with the Dominion government for the security of the Canadian policy holders.

Geo. O. Bigger is the provincial manager and a hard worker, being traveling agent in British Columbia for seven years. He is well known, having written many thousand dollars worth of insurance in six months for his company. This speaks well for the able management of the company in having selected a good first class rustler. Mr. Bigger is an energetic young man of good reputation and an active member in the I.O.O.F.

Good live agents wanted in every town in British Columbia. Apply in person or by post to G. G. Bigger, 548 Harris street, Vancouver, B. C.

MONEY

$500,000 to loan at low rates of interest on improved farm and city property, by the Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada.
Apply to

J. E. CRANE,
Manager for B. C.,
30 Broad Street.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Halifax.

Allan Line, Parisian	April 14
Allan Line, Numidian	April 28
Dominion Line, Sarnia	April 21
Dominion Line, Labrador	May 5
Beaver Line, Superior	April 11
Beaver Line, Winnipeg	April 25

From New York.

Cunard Line, Aurania	April 10
Cunard Line, Umbria	April 14
White Star Line, Britannic	April 11
White Star Line, Majestic	April 18
American Line, Berlin	April 11
American Line, New York	April 18
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Spree	April 17
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Aller	April 21
Anchor Line, Circassia	April 14
Anchor Line, Ethiopia	April 21
Red Star Line, Waesland	April 11
Red Star Line, Friesland	April 18

Saloon fares from $40 to $90 according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 to $40. Steerage, $23 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts.

Trouble Over Tea.

London, April 13.—In the house of commons to-day Joseph Howard, Conservative member for Tottingham, asked Sydney Charles Buxton, parliamentary secretary for the colonial office, in regard to the tea duties; what Canada's intentions were; whether teas blended in bond were dutiable, and whether Canada could legally differentiate against England in favor of China. Mr. Buxton promised to fully answer the question on Monday next.

THEIR LAST VOYAGE

Five Young Men of Digby, N. S. Go Out Sailing.

AND VANISH IN THE GATHERING MIST

Their Boat Becomes Unmanageable in the Rising Gale—The Romantic Story of a Fair Young Quadroon—Alone in a Strange City—Opening of Navigation on the St. Lawrence.

Digby, N. S., April 13.—Edward Bourdeau, Justus Comeau, Frank Bourdeau, Joseph Deba and John Bourdeau, all of Salmon river, went out in a small sail boat on Sunday afternoon, intending to run to Church Point, twenty miles distant. On reaching Meteghan they found a head wind rising, and being unable to reach Church Point turned back. After many narrow escapes from swamping, they managed to reach Cape Cove and ran the boat aground. Then one of the number went ashore in a passing boat and borrowed a dory to land the others in. After he returned to the sail boat, however, they again set sail. This was about five o'clock in the evening. Those watching supposed it was the intention of the men to work in under short sail, but they soon saw that the boat had got beyond control and was running into St. Mary's bay. A heavy fog settled down and the boat was lost to view. The young men were without food, water or compass, and must have perished during the gale. Searching parties have been out, but thus far no bodies have been washed ashore, nor has any trace of the boat or its occupants been found.

A Lost Quadroon.

Montreal, April 13.—A romantic case has been brought to the attention of the Montreal authorities through the application of Ogia Hart, a young mulatto girl, for assistance to find her parents. The girl is a quadroon of most prepossessing appearance. She says that her father, a mulatto named Henry Hart, was a banker in San Francisco and her mother a white woman whose maiden name was Julia Metcalfe. Being sickly and having to travel for her health, her mother came to Canada and placed her child in the convent of Hochelaga to be educated, instructing the sisters that whenever the amount of money she left should run short to apply to her doctor in New York until she returned for her child. That was in 1876. From that time Ogia has never heard from her parents. After two years the sisters applied to the New York doctors for supplies. His answer was that the mother had died suddenly without providing for her child; that he had no money belonging to her and that he knew nothing of the father or the family. They then wrote to the father's address, but received no reply. All inquiries concerning her relatives having remained fruitless, the young quadroon was placed in a charitable institution in the city under the care of Sisters of Providence. There she was kept and educated until she was twelve years old. She was then sent to the country to French-Canadian families, where she worked for her maintenance until she got old enough to hire out as a domestic servant. The girl asserts that she has rich relatives in the States whom she is unable to find.

Montreal, April 13.—To-morrow the first ocean steamer will reach Montreal, and navigation will be formally opened for the season of 1894. Other ocean vessels are expected to arrive in a few days.

The death of Lindsay D. Sims yesterday afternoon removes a well known figure from Montreal life. He had been for a number of years a member of the reserve corps of the Victoria Rifles, having served in the battalions through all the grades from private to sergeant-major.

The Pennsylvania Colliers.

Connellsville, Pa., April 13.—There is not the slightest stir in this end of the region to-day. The mobs which marched around the Leisenridge district yesterday went back to Morrell and Wheeler and dispersed. Many of the men returned to work this morning. A general strike, it is believed, is near, but the strikers themselves take a different view of it. It is now said the English-speaking operatives will strike.

A Bullet-Proof Coat.

Washington, D. C., April 13.—Ordnance officers of the American army and navy are amazed at the reports of the experiments made in Berlin this week of a bullet proof coat, the invention of a German tailor, which proved to be invulnerable to bullets fired by the Russian ambassador with one of the small arm rifles. The American military attaches at Berlin have been instructed to furnish the department, if possible, with full reports of the resistance power of the coat, not with the view to the purchase by this government of the invention, but more in the interests of science and to determine if a material has really been found so light and of such tensile strength as to resist a bullet which would easily pierce forty inches of heavy oak. It is said that the Chinese have found these coats superior for protection to the steel coats they originally wore. The German tailor's assertion that his material can be used in protecting the sides of ships is treated with ridicule by naval officers.

Death of D. D. Field.

New York, April 13.—David Dudley Field died suddenly this morning of pneumonia, aged 89, at his house near Gramercy park.

R. L. Stevenson's Samoan Home.

San Francisco, April 13.—H. J. Moors, an old resident of Samoa, who is now in the city, is a neighbor of Robert Louis Stevenson, the novelist. He said that when he left Samoa Mr. Stevenson was engaged in two new stories. One of them, he thought, would be a sequel to David Balfour, and the other would be a story of the South Seas. He writes only a few hours each morning, and spends a great deal of time on horseback. He has a large tract of land a short distance from Apia which he has brought into a good state of cultivation. About 400 acres are planted in cocoanut trees which yield a profitable return. On the side of this farm, facing the ocean, and backed by a spur of mountains, Stevenson has built his home.

An Infantile Suicide.

Paris, April 13.—A remarkable suicide is reported from Alfortville, a fashionable country residence district near this city. The victim is a boy of twelve, the son of wealthy parents. A decree of divorce was recently pronounced between the father and mother, the latter being given the custody of the boy, and who for some reason conceived a violent dislike for her. On being made acquainted by the officers of the court with the nature of the decree the child drank a quart of strong wine, and then proceeded to blow out his brains with a revolver.

Protection of Young Girls.

Wilmington, Del., April 13.—A special committee of the city council has favorably reported on the bill prepared by the board of police commissioners, which makes it unlawful for any girl under seventeen years of age to be present at any public picnic, public dance house, or other such places of amusement after eight o'clock in the evening. The ordinance also provides that no girl under the aforesaid age shall be allowed on the street after ten o'clock in the evening unless accompanied by one of her parents, guardians, or other person standing bona fide in the relation of parent or legal guardian, and who shall be above the age of 21 years. The measure has created a ferment among the younger generation of the city, and threats are freely made that every alderman voting for it will be retired to private life at the next election.

THE GOLDEN STATE.

Happenings of the Day in the Land of Sunshine.

Woodland, Cal., April 13.—W. W. Montgomery, a prominent rancher, living near Davisville, was instantly killed last evening by falling from Putah creek bridge. His team became frightened and backed off the bridge, carrying the wagon and driver over the embankment, a distance of forty feet.

San Francisco, April 13.—Arrangements for the temperance congress which will be held here from May 21st to May 28th, are nearly completed. Many eminent men and women will take part in the proceedings.

At the inquest over the body of Mrs. Lillie Gillespie, who shot herself in this city the early part of the week, the coroner's jury returned a verdict of suicide, and Clark B. Gillespie, the woman's husband, who was under arrest on suspicion of being concerned in her death, was immediately released.

A big change is looked for in rates by the merchants all round after May 1st, when the Panama Steamship Company succeeds the North American Navigation Company. The Pacific Mail Company will have the Central American field all to itself, and the Panama Railway Company will have the rough business to itself. There is nothing to stop either company from raising rates greatly, except purely business principles. The general impression is that rates will not reach the high mark which they attained before the opposition was started.

Los Angeles, Cal., April 13.—The carnival will close with a grand masquerade ball to-night. This afternoon the concluding parade was held, the principal features being the presence of the local and visiting military companies, and naval reserves from San Diego, and the local reserve. There was also a great floral display, a line of carriages bedecked with flowers forming a beautiful feature. The Hotel Raymond sent a tallyho coach from Pasadena loaded with flowers and pretty women.

There are no developments in regard to the arrest of the three men for the Roscoe train robbery, the officers refusing to disclose the evidence till the preliminary examination, which will be held at Fernando next week.

Coxey's Tramp Army.

Akkron, Pa., April 13.—Commonwealers escorted by a sheriff and posse, armed with Winchesters, were escorted out of town at 9.30 this morning. Three rousing cheers were given for the people of Akkron. The next stop will be at Camp U. S. Grant, at Grantsville, Md., twelve miles ahead.

Scottdale, Pa., April 13.—A striker named Flynn has been arrested and charged with the murder of Paddock.

Washington, April 13.—At the request of Morgan consideration of the Chinese treaty was postponed until next week.

Omaha, Neb., April 13.—The Union Pacific refuses to carry Kelly's army further than Cheyenne. There has been no trouble thus far.

Chester, Pa., April 13.—The Philadelphia detachment of Coxey's army left South Chester this morning for Wilmington, two hundred strong.

From Havre to Papeete.

San Francisco, April 13.—News has been received that the agent for a French steamship company has recently been visiting Tahiti with a view of inquiring as to the possibilities of a line of steamers between Papeete and Havre. After a thorough investigation he found such a scheme impracticable at present, trade being very slack.

A Negro Whipped.

Due West, S. C., April 12.—Some days ago a negro wrote a note to a young woman, the daughter of a prominent citizen of Laundersville, twenty miles from here. The negro was caught and a mob of 200 men assembled to punish him. Some wanted to lynch him, but the young woman's father asked that his life be spared. Finally it was agreed to whip him, and this was done, every man present striking a blow. After this the negro was taken out to the Savannah river and warned that if ever he returned to South Carolina, and caught he would be killed.

MISSIONARY FIELDS.

An Invitation to the Hawaiian Societies

TO HAND OVER THE GILBERT ISLANDS

To the English Missionaries is Politely Declined—An Authority on the South Sea Islands—He Believes England is Samoa's Natural Protector and America Hawaii's.

San Francisco, April 13.—The steamer Monowai brings news from Honolulu that on the fifth instant a committee of the Hawaiian missionary board conferred with Rev. J. W. Whitmee, representing the London Missionary Society's missions in the South Pacific. They offer to take over this board's missions in the Gilbert Islands, the group nearest to Hawaii, and lately annexed by Great Britain. The Hawaiian board did not encourage the plan, as their mission is an old and prosperous one.

Mr. Whitmee is authority on all that concerns the native tribes of the South Pacific. In speaking of the recent outbreak of the Samoans, he expressed a decided opinion that those islanders would never be quiet under the present joint protectorate. He says that the whole people are extremely anxious to come under the rule of Great Britain, and would always be hostile to any other authority placed over them. They were christianized by English missionaries and they have always done their trading with the English from Sydney. In reply to a question about the United States maintaining their rights lately acquired, to a coaling station at Pago Pago, Mr. Whitmee said that there would be no difficulty about that. It is the general sentiment of the experienced Honolulu people that England is the natural protector of Samoa, as America is of Hawaii, and that it is for the best interests of all concerned that both parties should assume those relations as speedily as possible.

More Bombs Discovered.

Paris, April 13.—At Auberviliers to-day the police discovered buried in the ground a quantity of explosives, among them a bomb. Mistler charged.

GROSS MISREPRESENTATIONS.

Col. Prior's Outrageous Slanders Upon British Columbia.

Ottawa, April 13.—In his speech on closing the budget debate in the house Col. Prior declared himself an out-and-out protectionist and objected to some of the reductions of duties. British Columbia was in favor of protection, and all that she wanted was expenditures on public works for the large customs duties which she paid. The vote was purely a party one. All the members west of Ontario voted against the revenue tariff and free trade relations with Britain and the States except Martin of Winnipeg.

After various changes and modifications the official interpretation of the new tariff clause relating to tea is thus given: "As the clause now stands, importations can be made via England on through bills of lading as part of cargoes for the English market, but purchases cannot be made from bond in England."

In the house yesterday, Minister Foster stated that the terminal point of the proposed Atlantic line would be in England, connection to be made with a subsidiary line to France.

The budget debate closed last night, Sir Richard Cartwright's amendment being voted down by 128 to 72.

The Imperial government have decided that men who have been speakers of provincial assemblies or legislative councils for three years shall be allowed to keep the title of Honorable for life.

Col. Turnbull, of the cavalry school, is under suspension for granting his discharge to a sergeant who had lost a case of great coats while the regiment was on its way from Quebec to Toronto.

Mr. Foster announced the following additional tariff changes: Meats not elsewhere specified, 2 cents per pound. Live hogs, 1 1-2 cents per pound. Lard compounds and cottolene, 2 cents a pound. Condensed milk, 3 cents a pound. Rice, cleansed, 1 1-4 cents a pound. Chicory, 4 cents. Cocoa paste, chocolate and other preparations of cocoa, 25 per cent.; cocoanut dessicated, sweetened or not, 5 cents per pound.

A Deathbed Marriage.

Toledo, O., April 13.—Abram K. Detwiler, one of the most prominent business men of Toledo, and the head of the oldest building and loan association in the city, was the bridegroom at a strange marriage at St. Vincent's hospital yesterday. He has been regarded as a confirmed bachelor. A woman, a stranger, was taken to the hospital on Wednesday. She was given to understand that nothing short of a delicate operation would save her life, and even then there was only one chance in a hundred. She resolved to take that chance, but requested that Mr. Detwiler be sent for. He came, and thereupon at what proved to be Lucy Birmingham's deathbed the two were married. The surgical operation was then performed by Drs. Smith and Donnelly. The woman seemed to rally for a few minutes, but in less than an hour was dead. It is said that many years ago the bride and bridegroom were engaged to be married, but some mysterious circumstance prevented it.

Brazil's Rebellion.

Buenos Ayres, April 13.—It is reported here that the states of Bahia and Pernambuco have revolted against Peixoto.

Rio Grande do Sul, April 13.—Federal troops have completely routed the insurgents in this state.

London, April 13.—The Brazilian minister has received a dispatch from Rio stating that the insurgent fleet has been repulsed in the Bay of Rio Grande do Sul.

NEWFOUNDLAND'S CABINET.

Resignation of the Ministry—The Political Situation.

St. Johns, Nfld., April 12.—The ministry resigned yesterday. In the assembly Colonial Secretary Boni made a statement on behalf of the government. He said that in view of the positions laid down by Mr. Justice Winter in the Bay de Verde decision, which had just been read to the house by the speaker, declaring that the expenditures passed by the house and assented to by the Queen and applied under the authority of the governor in council were illegal, and assenting members for participating in these illegal expenditures, the government felt bound to advise the governor to allow an appeal to the electorate to decide this very important crisis. The governor, he said, had declined to consent to the proposal to dissolve the house and have a new election held, so the ministers resign their offices. The colonial secretary concluded by moving the consideration of the house of a set of resolutions declaring that the principles as laid down by Justice Winter's decision were a menace to the spirit of the constitution and were fraught with the greatest dangers to the liberties of the people, and further declaring that the opposition party were so small numerically and not possessing the confidence of the people that the collection of taxes should not be placed in their hands. These resolutions also revoked the tariff measure which was already before the house for consideration. The purpose of this action is to prevent the opposition if they take up the reins of government not only from making any progress in financial legislation, but to force them to introduce the whole business of the session over again. The members of the government party think this will possibly prevent the opposition from carrying through any money bills before the revenue year expires. They hope thus to force the governor, owing to the unpleasant prospect before him, to dissolve parliament after a new ministry has been selected.

Interesting Sealing News.

Seattle, April 12.—The City of Topeka, from Alaska, brought general news of an interesting nature. W. Farrel, one of the crew of the schooner Emma, which departed from Juneau last summer on a sealing cruise to the north and west of the Japan islands, has written a long letter to James Chilcolim, at Treadwell, dated Vladivostock, Siberia, September 2, 1893. In it he says that their largest catch of seals was 63, made off the Copper and Behring Islands. It was getting late in the season, so they headed the schooner for Yokohama, Japan. A heavy storm coming on, their rudder was disabled and they headed the schooner for Saghalen island to repair it. Upon starting out again a Russian man-of-war bore down on them and took them in charge. They were towed to Karsocks, a fortress prison, where 15,000 prisoners are incarcerated.

The commander of the warship claimed that they were trying to rail the seals of Robbin island. This assertion was false, as the currents and the storm had driven them on the Siberian coast. Word of the capture was sent to St. Petersburg. Farrel writes that the men while imprisoned were fed on blue hardtack, made of cracked rye and tea for breakfast. The noon meal consisted of soup, hard-tack, boiled peas and tallow. At last accounts the men, according to Farrel's letter, had employed counsel and expected to make a fight for their liberty. They were given one trial, but Farrel says it was before a regular kangaroo court.

The Juneau City News, in speaking of the matter, says: "The secretary of state's attention should be called to the seizure in the event that the crew is detained and the vessel confiscated. They were not encroaching on forbidden territory and were making for Yokohama when the storm and swift currents swept them on the Siberian coast."

Austrian Politics.

Vienna, April 12.—Prince Windischgraetz, the premier, spoke to-day in the lower house of the reichstag in defence of the electoral reform bill. It was very difficult, he said, to extend the franchise to several classes hitherto excluded from it and at the same time preserve to the state the needful influence of the conservative political elements. He hoped and believed that this difficulty had been overcome by the new ministerial plan. The government would adhere in the matter of electoral reform to the method which the coalition had already approved. Prince Windischgraetz repudiated the charge that the ministry had ignored the Bohemian question. He hoped that this question would be settled in a manner satisfactory to all parties.

Dr. Gregorss, leader of the Young Czechs, begged to withdraw the intemperate language used by him in his recent denunciation of the Polish party. The Polish members who had demanded satisfaction from him accepted Mr. Gregorss' apologies and withdrew their challenges.

A Suicidal Phenomenon.

Ithaca, N. Y., April 12.—The late Dr. W. L. Brenizer, who committed suicide in this city last Saturday, before he died left his brains to the Cornell university in the interests of science. In connection with this it may be of interest to state that Dr. Wilder, who had charge of this department in the university, has secured by written agreements the brains of some twenty Cornell professors and prominent Ithaca citizens (at their demise) in the interests of science. The doctor has a regular printed form which is signed by the donor and attested by a notary public. When Dr. Brenizer was discovered dead, a bullet wound was found in his temple and one in his forehead. This led to the belief that but one shot had been fired by the suicide, the doctors claiming that it would have been an utter impossibility for the suicide to have put more than one shot in his brain. When the brain was removed by the university people, two bullets were found imbedded in the brain and destroyed the learned doctors' theory. They claim that this fact is an important discovery and of great interest to the medical world and criminal authorities.

Trouble at Midwinter Fair.

San Francisco, April 12.—A serious complication has arisen between the foreign exhibitors in the liberal arts building and the administration bureau over the arrest yesterday of one of the employees in the Italian section. The trouble occurred in what complainants term the outrageous treatment by one of the midwinter fair guards of an employee, whose offense consisted in depositing some broken glass in a passage. It is claimed that when the employee refused to remove the glass the guard unceremoniously hustled him out of the building. The offense was resented by the Italian section remaining closed this morning with the notice that owing to the outrageous manner in which its employee was treated Italy's section would remain closed until satisfaction is given for the insult. High cloth screens completely surround the exhibit entrance, on which the national colors of France, Spain, Germany, Austria, Canada, Monaco, Sweden and Denmark are displayed. Japan has also taken similar notice of the affront. The greatest of ill feeling predominates and a determination is expressed to have the discharge of the guard before the exhibits will reopen. On a formal complaint, protesting against the conduct of the guard, being presented to the executive committee he was promptly discharged and the exhibits were immediately reopened.

The Cigarette Crusade.

Alameda, April 12.—The ladies of the Women's Christian Temperance Union of this city are endeavoring to suppress the cigarette habit among the youth, and the latest move is to provide for a series of anti-tobacco lectures, to be given in the Alameda schools. They will have some regular lecturers, who will go from school to school and tell the young the evils of smoking. When the official lecturers are not present the teacher of the class will give a 15 minute talk to the children upon the subject. In this way the ladies hope to check the habit in the rising generation. The board of education has officially recognized this plan and has ordered the teachers in all the schools to devote 15 minutes to the matter every Friday afternoon, to begin next Friday.

Sponging on the Charitable.

San Francisco, April 12.—The daily reports of the Salvation Army with reference to its municipal contract to feed and lodge the homeless men who apply at the city prison show but a slight decrease in the number of applicants, notwithstanding the departure of the Industrial army and the prevailing fine weather. At the meeting of the board of supervisors yesterday the health and police committee, which placed the contract with the Salvationists, presented a resolution to the effect that the furnishing of meals and beds at the city's expense would be discontinued after May 1st. This order, explained Chairman Kennedy, is based on the fact that the city has cared for the homeless men during the damp days of the winter months and that now, with the practical opening of spring and the demand for men in the country, the charity of the city will be suspended for the season.

Behring Sea Patrol.

Washington, April 12.—The sailing orders and instructions to the commanders of the ships for the Behring Sea patrol was completed to-day and submitted to the secretary of state for his approval. So far they are kept secret, but the general tenor of the instructions, it is understood, requires the naval officers to seize any vessel found engaged in sealing north of the 35th latitude after May 1 and before August 1. The presence on board of sealing apparatus will be regarded as sufficient proof of the character of the vessel to warant her seizure. The seized vessels, if carrying the United States flag, will be sent to the nearest port and delivered to the judicial officers, there to await trial. If a British vessel, she will be turned over to the British naval officers, who will return her to Victoria. The sailing orders will also be kept secret so as not to defeat the purpose of disposing of the vessels or fleets so as to make it probable that no sealing craft can venture into the sealing waters without a reasonable certainty of capture. Some of the naval vessels will lie in wait in the neighborhood of Sand Point and at the mouth of the passes between the Aleutian Islands, through which the seals would pass going north into Behring Sea. A contingent of the fleet will cruise off the coast of British Columbia and southern Alaska, following up the seal herds. The fact that a vessel, United States or British, has cleared from port before the promulgation of the laws will not suffice to save her from seizure. Her cruise will be cut short and she will return to port to be dealt with by the courts.

American.

San Francisco, April 12.—A few weeks ago the Cathoics of this city petitioned the board of education to discontinue the use of "Myers' History" in the high schools, claiming that the history was sectarian and wrongfully abused the Catholic religion. Archbishop Riordan took an active interest in the matter and wrote a long letter showing wherein the history was objectionable. To-night the board of education, by a vote of 7 to 4, refused to drop the history from the high school studies, but left it for the discretion of the teachers to cut out from the lessons to be learned any portions that they deemed sectarian and opposed to the religious belief of the students.

Washington, April 12.—The Populist senator from Kansas, Peffer, delivered in the senate chamber to-day the third part of his tariff speech. Among other statements he declared that if Congress was not so hampered with constitutional restrictions it could place within the hands of the President before thirty days a bill that would provide employment for all. The making of good roads he would leave to the people of the immediate neighborhoods, but he would start two railroads, one from the Atlantic to the Pacific and one from the Great Lakes to the Gulf. He would set all unemployed men at work and pay them good wages. Then, he thought, the dark clouds would roll away and be dissipated as the morning mist.

General News.

Florence, April 12.—The Marquis of Talleyrand-Perigord died here on Tuesday evening. The deceased was for some time connected with the French legation at Washington, and some twenty years since published a work on the American people and their institutions. It was a severe criticism of the entire condition of things, and it is almost needless to say, caused a general sensation. The marquis was a descendant of the celebrated Talleyrand.

One might as well try to stem the rapids of Niagara, as to expect perfect health while a scrofulous taint exists in the blood. Through its alterative and purifying properties, Ayer's Sarsaparilla removes every vestige of scrofulous poison from the blood.

THE COXEY CRAZE.

It Has Reached Puget Sound and There Flourishes.

Seattle, April 12.—An effort will be made to get the army started for Washington, D. C., on April 24, and the officers hope to arrange with the railroad company for a train of eight or ten box cars, each fitted up to accommodate sixty men, and to pay $100 a day for the use of the train, the engine and the crew. It is estimated that the trip will take ten days, so that the cost at this rate would be $1,000 exclusive of provisions. Partial arrangements have been made for a ball and entertainment to be given at Armory hall on April 21 for the benefit for the army, and it is hoped to raise a good part of the money required.

Many have said that they would be ready to give $5 or $10 to assist the army and the outlook is that the Seattle army will have less trouble in getting to Washington than the army which started from San Francisco. One thing is noticeable in the crowd of men seen at the barracks, is that there seems to be a total absence of the hobo element. Many men whose positions in life have been above the laborer may now be seen in the ranks of the industrial army. It is proposed to provide for the families of married men who join the ranks, so that they may not suffer during the absence of their husbands and fathers.

The army is governed in thorough military style in all things, although the government has not been reduced to quite as fine a point as it will be within a few days. So far five companies of from 40 to 50 men have been organized, and the sixth is now being organized. At the meal hours, 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., the men report to their several captains and are fed in order. As soon as one company is through the captain conducts it out of the restaurant, and before the second company enters a new set of rations are placed on tin plates. The men answer to roll call, and no stragglers are allowed in the mess room. The captains report to Marshal F. M. Potter, who in turn reports to General Commander Shepard.

M. Burke, representing the industrial army of North Yakima, visited the Seattle army to see what arrangements for transportation could be made. He said that if the Seattle army intended going over the Northern Pacific there were 200 men in North Yakima that would like to go with them, but if they were going over some other line, they would not travel together. The badge consists of a miniature American flag, with a white strike across its face, upon which isprinted the words "Industrial Army."

Miss Pierpont-Morgan Weds.

New York, April 13.—Bishop Whipple, assisted by Rev. Dr. William S. Rainsford, officiated to-day at the marriage of Miss Juliette Morgan, daughter of J. Pierpont Morgan, the millionaire banker and financial magnate whose name is a power in the financial marts of the world, to W. Pierson Hamilton, of this city. The ceremony was solemnized at high noon in St. George's church on Stuyvesant square, in the presence of an immense and fashionable congregation. The edifice had been converted into a floral bower, and the services were fully choral. The bridal toilet was of white silk, gown shape, with court train, and was completely covered with point lace. The skirt was caught up with bunches of orange blossoms, and the same flower was worn on the coiffure. The veil of point lace was fastened to the hair with a large crescent composed of solitaires, the gift of the groom. Laurens Hamilton was best man, while the bridesmaids were Miss Mary Morgan and Miss Annie Morgan, sisters of the bride, and the Misses Ethel and Hamilton, sisters of the groom. The wedding breakfast was served at the mansion of the bride's parents on Madison avenue, and the bride and groom sat under a magnificent canopy composed entirely of lillies of the valley. Among the numerous presents to the bride was a diamond and sapphire bracelet, valued at $5,000, which came from the Count Fabbri, of Florence, Italy. In order that Mr. Morgan might not be taxed with duties, which could not be paid in advance on the other side, the Count resorted to the expedient of cutting a square out of the centre of an exquisitely bound volume of Evangelist Moody's "Higher Life," in which the bracelet was cunningly concealed. The lynx-eyed customs inspector, however, found it, and Mr. Morgan was compelled to pay $400 to save the present from confiscation.

Toronto, Ontario.

As Well as Ever

After Taking Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cured of a Serious Disease.

"I was suffering from what is known as Bright's disease for five years, and for days at a time I have been unable to straighten myself up. I was in bed for three weeks; during that time I had leeches applied and derived no benefit. Seeing Hood's Sarsaparilla advertised in the papers I decided to try a bottle. I found relief before I had finished taking half of a bottle. I got so much help from taking the first bottle that I decided to try another, and since taking the second bottle I feel as well as ever I did in my life." GEO. MERRETT, Toronto, Ont.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient yet easy of action. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

A Magnificent Surprise!

FOR TIMES' READERS IN PART 4 OF

America Photographed

This will be a surperb special number, devoted to the

CALIFORNIA MID-WINTER FAIR.

It will contain, as usual, 16 fine Photographic Engravings, and in this number will embrace everything of interest in the Great International Exposition now in progress at San Francisco, including all the main buildings, and other points of special interest.

NO. 4 WILL CONTAIN

A General View of San Francisco and the "Golden Gate;" Bird's-eye View of the Mid-winter Fair; Scene on Opening Day; Manufactures and Liberal Arts Building; Fine Arts Building; Building of Horticulture and Agriculture; Administration Building; Machinery Hall; Gov. Markham Addressing the People on Opening Day; Entrance of Manufactures and Liberal Arts Building; The '49 Mining Camp; The Queen Isabella Statue; Santa Barbara Amphibia; Reproduction of J. W. Mackey's Cabin; Old '49 Stage Coach and Dance House; Typical "Prairie Schooner" of Early Days, shown on the ground.

Graphic and Accurate Descriptions

Will accompany each photograph, and, in fact, this number will be a complete Illustrated History of the California Mid-winter Fair.

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If you are a reader of the Times and will clip one coupon and bring or send them to our coupon department, you will be given this great number. This splendid exposition is excelled only by the Great Chicago Exposition and the Paris Exposition.

Do Not Miss the Chance

To get this splendid Photographic Portfolio telling all about the California Exposition.

It Is Ready Now

Save your coupons and get it, for it can be obtained in no other way in Victoria.

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"America Photographed" will be invaluable alike to young and old, yet when its pages bring to view the magnificent engravings, triumphs of the photographer's art and the engraver's genius, the acquisition of knowledge will be rendered a pleasure rather than a task.

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If you are a reader of the Times, at a cost which is really nothing, compared with the artistic merit and educational value of "America Photographed." It will consist of twenty series, each series containing sixteen photographs, 11x13 inches.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION

TO FISHERMEN.

Monday, April 16, 1894, at 11 a.m.

I have been instructed by Messrs. Findlay, Durham & Brodie to close consignment, to sell at my salesrooms, Wharf street, Victoria, B. C., 32 bales of salmon nets, 40 8-ply thread; 5 7-9 in. mesh; 40 meshes deep. 14 bales of salmon net twine, 40 8-ply; G. M. Davidson, Aberdeen, manufacturers.

GEO. BYRNES, Auctioneer.
ap16-td

AUCTION

Mortgagee's Land Sale.

SATURDAY, April 14, at noon.

I have been instructed to sell at my Salesrooms, Wharf Street, Victoria,

Under power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, registered in the Victoria Land Registry Office, in charge book, vol. 10, folio 417, No. 12,500 B, certain lands situate at Victoria West, and comprising all that piece or parcel of land known as the south half of lot 11, being a subdivision of lots 18, 19, 20 and 21, of twenty-five acre tract, Constance Cove farm (section 10) Esquimalt District, according to map 243, there are two dwelling houses on said lands and the sale is subject to the present monthly tenancies thereof.

For further particulars apply to Davie, Pooley & Loxton, 47 Langley street, solicitors for the mortgagees, or to

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.
mar31

POSTPONED

AUCTION

Monday, April 16th, 11 a.m.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE

—OF—

Valuable Real Estate and the Victoria Theatre and Buildings.

I will sell by auction at my salesrooms, Wharf street, Victoria, by virtue of a certain mortgage dated August 3, 1888, and registered January 21, 1889, in the Land Registry Office, Victoria, and by virtue of a bill of sale dated 4th day of March, 1889, and registered in the said Land Registry Office on the 5th of March, 1889, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the city of Victoria, B. C., and known and numbered as lot 411, according to the official map of Victoria City, on the corner of Douglas and View streets, together with that fine building erected thereon, viz:

THE VICTORIA THEATRE

and the buildings surrounding the same, consisting of four stores on Douglas stret, and two stores on View street. There are 24 fine rooms upstairs, several of which are en suite; also, all the furniture, fittings, scenery, stage effects and properties belonging to the Victoria Theatre Company, Limited.

The above premises will be sold subject to a mortgage dated December 23, 1884. Terms of sale, cash; ten per cent. on fall of hammer. For further particulars apply to the auctioneer.

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

First Street, between King's Road and Bay Street, will be closed to traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.
mr31-tf

REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,
R. DUNSMUIR & SONS.
Victoria, B.C., March 16, 1894.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.

SING KEE,

24 Herald Street. Victoria, B. C.

Intelligence Office.

All kinds of Chinese Labor supplied at short est notice. Contracts taken m1-tf

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE.
123 Government street.

Private entrance on Pandora street. Business strictly confidential. s19-tf

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRE On West Saanich road, about eight mile from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced Price $30 per acre; half cash; balance on time Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 87 Third street, Victoria

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDERS FOR DEBENTURES

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m. on the 18th day of June, 1894, for the purchase of Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $55,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, in sums of $1,000 each, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of May, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England, New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at 4 1-2 per cent. from the 1st of May, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Electric Lighting By-Law, 1894" with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., April 5th, 1894. ap15-td

$50 REWARD

Will be given to any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons destroying or injuring the newly planted shade trees in Beacon Hill Park, or wilfully damaging other Corporation property in said Park.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office, 23rd January, 1894. j24

Land Cleared.

Quick, thorough and cheap, town lots or by acre; standing timber or stumps of any size. All parties having land to clear will find it to their interest to get an estimate upon it, to have the work done by the Grub and Stump Machine. Apply to JOHN A. COATES, 57 King's Road, Victoria. mar15-dcod&w1m

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 190 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plumerfelt, Gorge Road

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

Daily Chronicle of Events in The Great Republic.

Washington, April 12.—The full bench of the supreme court was engaged to-day in hearing the evidence in the case of Barden vs. The Northern Pacific Railroad Company, which comes to this court on appeal from the circuit court for the district of Montana. The question is whether lands ascertained to be mineral lands after the grant to the railroad becomes the property of the company, congress having excluded mineral lands from the operation of the grant. The railway company insists that only such mineral lands are excluded as were known to be mineral lands at the time of the grant, while counsel for Barden asserts that the mineral lands are excluded up to the time that the patent was issued. The principle laid down by the court in its decision of this case will have an important bearing on other important mineral land contests in Montana, and the interests at stake are very large. Most of the mineral lands along the Northern Pacific in Montana, Idaho and Washington will be affected by this case.

Detroit, April 12.—A decision has just been handed down by Judge Swan of the United States court at Detroit against the Michigan Central railroad, which will have a sweeping effect in railroad circles. The decision sustains the patent granted to E. D. Cody, October 27, 1885, and owned by the Consolidated Car Heating company of Albany, N. Y., on a heating system used by the Michigan Central railroad known as the Martin apparatus. The decree grants an injunction against further use of such steam heaters and orders an accounting. The decision affects nearly every railroad in the country using steam heating in passenger coaches.

Washington, April 12.—Seattle has just been attracting some attention in Congress through a gross and palpable error in the World Almanac's table giving statistics of all the principal cities. This table was quoted in a memorial to congress by the joint executive committee of the citizens association of the district of Columbia, against the repeal of the annual appropriation by congress of 50 per cent. of the expenses of this district, which the people now pay. It was intended to refute a statement that taxation was lower here than in any other city in the country. The glaring error that caught the attention of Senator Squire was a tax rate of $12.60 on the hundred, which is about six times that of any other city shown. Other figures given for Seattle were grossly though not so glaringly inaccurate. Senator Squire happened to have the proper statistics at hand and took advantage of the chance to inaugurate a brief campaign of education.

Rosebery's Radical Speech.

Lord Rosebery was for many years the leader of the Progressive party in the London county council, a representative body in its powers outranking many of the world's parliaments, and was at one time chairman of the council. He was recently presented by his radical friends in the council with an address on the occasion of his assumption of the duties of the premiership. His reply was in part as follows:

"I saw some influential letters in an influential newspaper objecting to this meeting on the ground that it was held in Holy Week. (Laughter.) I do not laugh at that objection. I see nothing to laugh at. If this were a meeting like some meetings, I should think there might be something in the objection; but I cannot see it is alien to the true spirit of any week, however holy, that we should discuss together, if we can do so without intemperance and violence, those social and eternal problems which concern not merely the county council and parliament, but the cause of humanity itself. (Cheers.) There are dreams as noble, as sublime, cherished in the county council as in any assembly in the world. I remember when last on this platform, my honored friend and colleague, Mr. John Motley —(cheers)—made an allusion, which, in my opinion, was completely misinterpreted, to young men who dream dreams. I should be prepared to adopt it to the fullest extent. I say young men will see visions, and I hope men who are no longer young will see visions, because it is on the visions of the future that there is the best hope of the politics of the present. If I, sir, were in any way a painter, if I could illuminate that address that address which you have presented to me to-night—and if I could put on to it, if I could introduce into my art all the castles in the air that you and I have built in spring gardens, I should produce some of the most magnificent specimens of architectural landscape that have ever been submitted to the Royal Academy; and when I and you, gentlemen, cease to dream dreams it will be time to give up being municipal reformers." His lordship then entered into a long disquisition on the reforms which the London county council has effected in the matter of air, water, food, warmth, education, and so on, and continued—"But after all, ladies and gentlemen, what the London county council has done for you, for your houses and for your comfort, is not the largest part of its work. Viewed from the historical point of view, I regard by far the most important part of its work, as influencing the politics of to-day and the politics of to-morrow, is its labor policy. (Cheers.) Now, when the labor party was first introduced, it was received with sneers and gibes in several quarters. But sneers and gibes carry no position with them unless they are adopted in truth. (Hear, hear.) And the result of the working of this experience has been such as to convince the most incredulous that, after all, the county council was as wise as it was daring in the experiment it carried out. (Cheers) What was that policy? In the first place, it began by insisting that all contractors who did work for the council should pay their men a fair wage, and that they should not overwork them—(cheers)—a provision directed against what is popularly and emphatically called "sweating." Well, after all, that policy has found great imitators since, and it has been eminently successful in the London county council. In the next place the council determined to look after the well being of its own men, and it was determined that they should be placed on shorter hours, that they should be given a fair wage and fair conditions of work. I venture to say that that has made the whole difference in the well being and in the contentment of these men; and again I say of that experiment that it has found imitators in the most exalted quarters. (Cheers.) Well, and the last new point, the last new flight, the last new experiment which they have undertaken is not a less daring one. They have determined, as far as may be, to do away with the contractor and the middleman. (Cheers.) Again the prophets of evil wagged their heads and again the prophets of evil have been falsified; because, as a matter of fact, I believe it to be established that the work has been as well done as it was ever done by any contractor in the world, and at a less cost by 15 per cent."

The Founder of Monte Carlo.

Vast as were the ambitions of Francois Blanc, the founder of the great gambling den of Monte Carlo, he was in appearance the simplest of men. To see him in his brown overcoat, his gold spectacles half dropping off his nose, one would have taken him for a small property holder, whose wildest dreams were of the construction of a little grotto in his little garden with little plaster rabbits and a fountain, which, like Wemmick's, would almost wet the back of one's hand. Before his Monte Carlo days he had been the guiding spirit in the direction of the Casino at Hamburg. Without enthusiasm and without weakness, he kept a lavish table and ate sparingly; directed a huge gambling machine and permitted himself no more exciting dissipation than a quiet game of billiards after dinner. But he was not afraid to spend money. To compass his ends he laid it out lavishly. He drew all Europe to Hamburg, where was laid the foundation of that fortune which was ultimately estimated at eighty millions of francs, or over three millions sterling. When the glories of Hamburg and Baden departed on their ruins he raised Monte Carlo, the most wonderful of the gamlets of the Mediterranean littoral. This was not done without keen opposition; Blanc's way of meeting and overcoming it was to open his purse, and magical was the effect of the golden shower. Madame Blanc, the most excellent of wives, was a tower of strength to him. Where questions of art and elegance came in, hers was the directing spirit. The man whose thoughts and talk were of figures was content that her taste should crown his work. It needed a hard head to withstand the attacks that were made upon him. Every day's post brought with it a hundred propositions and threats. There were people who had lost their money, and demanded its return with fierce menaces; speculative and inventive people, who proposed combinations; pitiful supplications and warnings of intended suicide. But threats, prayers and temptations left the hard-hearted speculator untouched; he took his ease in his own home, contenting himself, like many a better man, with a good dinner, a bottle of wine and a cigar, and a family game of billiards, his serenity not one whit disturbed by the misery he caused.—Exchange.

Imprisoning Apprentices.

It will be a revelation to many people to learn that the practice of punishing unruly apprentices in the city of London by various terms of imprisonment, without being brought publicly before a police magistrate, is still being carried into effect. The power of ordering such punishments is vested in the city chamberlain, and the offences for which the apprentices are punished are absence, coming late of a morning, idleness and insubordination.

At the present moment one of the apprentices of Messrs. Eyre & Spottiswoode, the well known printers, is undergoing a sentence of twenty-one days' confinement in Bellewell, imposed for being absent for three weeks without the consent of his masters, and another lad, also a printer's apprentice, was on Thursday released after serving a term of seven days.

The lads are confined in the cells of the old prison at New Bridge street and are not permitted to leave the building on any account during their term of confinement. The only exercise they are allowed to take on the premises consists of walking up and down the corridors for periods of half an hour or twenty minutes before and after the large doors are opened. In the cells the lads are permitted to read, but this is the only recreation allowed. Their diet is the same as in ordinary prisons, and consists of bread, potatoes, skilly, coffee and water.—Pall Mall Budget.

France Has no Young Poets.

Although one hears so much of young French poets nowadays, in reality there do no appear to be any. M. Camille Doucet, the perpetual secretary of the academy of sciences, has had to make the mortifying announcement that no poem worthy of the name was sent in on "Africa Opened Up," which was the subject selected for this year's competition for the prize for poetry granted by the state. The prize, therefore, amounting to between £100 to £200, will not be awarded.

The "young" poets are no longer young, a fact amusingly satirized by Paillaron in the comedy of "Le Monde ou l'on s'ennuie," where everybody is on the tiptoe of expectation to see a young poet of great promise, who, when he appears, turns out to have gray whiskers and a bald head. To do them justice, the poets referred to have at length publicly recognized the truth as regards themselves. In one of their favorite organs, where poems in the wildest meters and in no meter at all are published, there is an address signed by a large number of the fraternity protesting against the adjective young, which the public persist, they say, in applying to them. They all, so they declare, belong to the body of veterans called the territorial reserve of the army, having so long finished their military service.—London Daily News.

A Russian Novelist's Jubilee.

Dimitry Wassilievitch Grigorovitch, the Russian novelist, recently celebrated the 50th anniversary of his literary life. A dinner was given in his honor in the salon of the Academy of Arts in St. Petersburg. Only one living author can measure popularity with Grigorovitch in Russia—Tolstoi. Russian critics rank them and Turgenieff together, and call them the "immortal trio." In 1846 Grigorovitch's first two novels, "Derewna" and "Anton Goremyka," appeared and assured his fame and popularity. The latter book is in a sense the "Uncle Tom's Cabin" of Russian literature. It deals with the serfs, their sorrows and burdens, and did much toward their emancipation less than two decades after. The author became known as the "Defender of the Downtrodden." His appointment as director of the St. Petersburg School of Arts and Museum assured him an income and allowed him to devote his spare time to literature. One of his latest books, "The Acrobats of Charity," was devoted mainly to a picture of the misery of the proletarians.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is absolutely unequalled as a blood purifier and strengthening medicine. It is the ideal spring medicine. Try it.

Air and Life.

All living creatures breathe, and the air is as necessary to them as water, food and a certain amount of heat. From the chemical point of view the air is composed of different elements. It is not at all a body, as was supposed up to the end of the last century, but a mixture of gaseous bodies, capable of being isolated and analyzed. Among these elements three predominate in quantity and physiological importance. These are oxygen, azote, and carbonic acid. Oxygen and azote constitute the greatest part of the air—the essential part. The most important of the accessory elements is carbonic acid, being found in the air in the proportion of four or five parts to every ten thousand parts, varying according to locality. There are, besides, other bodies which enter into the composition of the atmosphere, as ammonia, azotic acid (found in rain water), and ozone, an oxygen condensed in some way under the influence of atmospheric electricity. These, however, exist only in small quantities.

Everyone knows that without oxygen there would be no life, either of plants or animals. Paul Bert, however, has found by experiment a fact which, at first sight, seems very strange. This is, that oxygen, this gas, vital above all others, is a violent poison, for the plant as for the animal, for the cellule as for the complex organism; and, if found in the air in certain proportions, immediately becomes an instrument of death. This is one of the most curious of recent discoveries. No oxygen, no life; too much oxygen, equally no life. We now pass to azote. If an animal or plant is placed in this atmosphere, death takes place without delay. It is not that azote is a poison, but it is inert, useless, and incombustible. Its respiratory role is valueless and its only function seems to be that of tempering the action of the oxygen.

We come now to carbonic acid. This, as we know, is a very noxious element; injurious to animals and to plants, it appears as a gas injurious above all others. Nevertheless, it is one of the essential bases of life. If it disappears from the air, vegetation is immediately destroyed, and in its absence but a few days would elapse before all that breathes would disappear from our globe. In certain cases, however, the atmosphere itself is an instrument of death, containing, as it does, the different microbes. Some of these are inoffensive, but many are deadly. Spread through the air by persons afflicted with tuberculosis, variloid, scarlatina, diphtheria, every species of microbian disease, they travel far and wide, scatering death in their train.

Thus we see that the atmosphere brings life and death at once. Each of the elements is indispensable to life and each of them is an agent of death, according to conditions and proportions. The one which seems to be most vivifying can become a formidable poison; the most useless, the most noxious even, is shown by analysis to be an essential base of life. And the conclusion is, that if any one of these should disappear, the earth would immediately become a naked and barren globe, deprived of all life. Looking at this still further, another fact is revealed to us. It is that, according to the very happy expression of J. B. Dumas, all living creatures are only condensed air. Vegetables exist only by virtue of the air, animals by means of the vegetables. The elements of vegetable life are those of the air, and animals live on the vegetables. The connection is narrow, intimate, direct. Man is condensed air. And as this air, during the centuries that man has existed, has incessantly traversed through bodies of our ancestors, being part of them for a time, and then disengaged, our body is actually made up of the same elements as that of our ancestors. The substance is the same. And that substance, which is also that of the vegetables of the past, circulates ceaselessly through space. To-day or to-morrow, flower or fruit, it will incorporate itself, here, in the slow growth of a mollusk; there, in the brain of a Descartes, a Pascal, a Joan of Arc, a Shakespeare. It never stops; its cycle, of which no human eye has seen its beginning, and of which none will be able to observe the end, seems infinite; passing alternately from life to death. Old as the world, and in spite of that, eternally young, it would appear (if it had consciousness) to have exhausted all that life contains of joy and of sorrow, and to have known all the emotions, the most noble as the most vile.

That air which so sweetly blows in our face to-day is all past existence; it is a myriad existences, those of our ancestors, those also of the dead for whom we mourn; to-day it becomes a part of us, and to-morrow it will pursue its journey, metamorphosing itself without cessation; passing from one organism to the other, without choice, without distinction, until the day when, our planet dying, all this substance will re-enter the frozen earth, a gigantic tomb which will revolve silent and desolate, through the unfathomable depths of the universe. And after? Science remains dumb. In that book of nature which opens to us and in which we plunge with avidity, in order to decipher the future, two pages are wanting, those which would most interest us: the first and the last.—Revue des Deux Mondes.

150 Miles an Hour.

About May 1st, if the projectors succeed according to their hopes, work will begin upon a western New York railroad of novel and curious design, says the Buffalo Express. On this new road passengers will be whirled across the country at the rate of 150 miles an hour, if necessary, and carried up high in the air in long, slender cars driven along a single rail by electric power.

The first of elevated railways for this region will run from Oak Orchard Harbor to Batavia, a distance of 40 miles, according to the route laid out. On this route the right of way for three and a half miles has been secured. The inventor, Captain Lina Beecher of this city, claims that the advantages of elevated roads are many. The cost of operation is cheaper, there are no dangerous grade crossings, snow and dust are equally out of the way, no grading, ditching and fencing are necessary, and a high rate of speed can be maintained in city and country alike. According to the Beecher system, he says that the farmer can plow, sow, reap, and even pick fruit under the line.

It is proposed to make the elevated structure light and narrow, so as to occupy very little ground. The passenger cars are to be about 45 feet long and three and a half feet wide, carrying 40 passengers apiece. These long and narrow cars will encounter very little atmospheric resistance, says Captain Beecher, and will cut the air like a bird. The entrance to the cars is at the side. The coaches are made on the bicycle principle and it is stated that in motion they will balance themselves on the centre or traction wheel, while the safety or guide wheels at the side will not touch the guide rails, thus causing very little friction. The cars are expected to turn the sharpest curves at high speed with safety, and climb the steepest grade with ease. The motive power it to be storage batteries, and there will be no danger from sparks. The weight of the passenger car carrying 40 passengers, with batteries and electric motor, will be only about 200 pounds per passenger, says the inventor.

This elevated Batavia and Lake Ontario railroad is to be built by a company incorporated with a capital of $600,000. Captain Beecher is president of the company, and J. W. Holmes, of Batavia, is chief engineer.

John and the Tiger.

A Christian Chinaman rejoicing in the name of Joseph Kim Seng was the lucky destroyer of a large tiger at Bukel Timah, Singapore, on the 20th ult. The Free Press says: Joseph lives in a hut on a small plantation just on the eighth milestone. The labors of the day being ended Joseph duly retired to rest on Monday night. About half-past one he was aroused by the dogs barking violently, and the animals ran under the house as if for shelter. Looking up Joseph spied in the bright moonlight an enormous tiger, only about thirty feet distant. Stripes stood quite still, apparently waiting for one of the dogs to come out and furnish a meal. The soul of the Christian Chinaman was stirred within him with thoughts of shikar, not to mention the filthy lucre accruing from destroying wild animals, and the proceeds from the sale of the products of the tiger's body, certain parts of which have a magical effect in making brant the heart of man. He seized a Snider rifle which he kept with him, loaded the weapon, poked the weapon out of the window and pulled the trigger. The heavy bullet struck the animal on the flank, in front of the left shoulder, tore its way through the base of the throat and smashed the right shoulder. A ten-foot spring in the air (so Joseph says) and down fell the tiger stone dead. It was nine feet long from the tip of the nose to the tip of the tail, or seven feet, excluding the tail, the height being three feet. The scale proved the weight to be 2 1-2 picul (3 cwt). The skin was purchased by Father Rivet while the flesh was sold at an average price of 15 cents a catty.

Private Allen's Duel Story.

During the debate on the pension appropriation of last week, Congressman Meredith of Virginia and Congressman Funk of Illinois almost came to blows. There has been some talk of a duel from day to day, and everybody knows that the Virginian would as lief fight as not. He is a very nervous man, while the Illinois man is as cool as a cucumber in a refrigerator. Congressman John Allen of Mississippi said:

"If Meredith and Funk ever came together on the field of honor, I am afraid they might be reconciled before they would kill each other. Down in my neighborhood once upon a time there was bad feeling between two lawyers, and it was decided that only blood could wipe out the enmity which existed. A challenge was sent and duly acknowledged. The hour was appointed and the two men met in a secluded spot. One of them was a great sufferer from St. Vitus' dance; the other was cool and collected.

"As they faced each other the afflicted man began to tremble from head to foot, while his pistol described an arc, with varying up and down strokes. His opponent stood firm as a rock waiting for the signal to fire. Before it came, however, he laid his pistol on the ground, walked into the woods and cut a limb off a tree with a fork in the end of it. This he brought back and stuck in the ground in front of his antagonist. Then turning to the second he said: 'I must request you to ask your principal to rest his pistol in that fork.'

"'What for?' asked his opponent's second.?

"'Well,' replied the other, 'I have no objection to running the risk of one shot, but I certainly do decline to have one bullet make a honeycomb of me, if that man was to shoot while his hand is shaking the way it now is he would fill me full of holes at the first shot.'

"This was too much for the seconds, and by mutual agreement a truce was patched up and no shots were exchanged. I think if Meredith and Funk were to fight Meredith's hand would shake—and they would both shake hands."—Philadelphia Times.

"Six days shalt thou labor," says the great lawgiver. To do good work, man must be at his best. This condition is attained by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It overcomes that tired feeling, quickens the appetite, improves digestion, and makes the weak strong.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

To Strengthen up After Sickness
TAKE
Johnston's Fluid Beef
It is stimulating and nourishing and it contains all the elements of Prime Beef in an easily digestible form.
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More CURES have been effected by my Truss with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 20 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 37 patents to overcome DEFORMITY
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Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured
by a new perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day; soon know yourself a king among men in body, mind and heart. Drains and losses ended. Every obstacle to happy married life removed. Nerve force, will, energy, brain power, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. All small and weak portions of the body enlarged and strengthened. Victims of abuses and excesses, reclaim your manhood! Sufferers from folly, overwork, early errors, ill health, regain your vigor! Don't despair, even if in the last stages. Don't be disheartened if quacks have robbed you. Let us show you that medical science and business honor still exist; here go hand in hand. Write for our book with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.
ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

Ladies,
Mother Green's Tansy Pills.
Used by thousands. Safe, Sure and Always Reliable. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. From all Druggists or mailed, free from observation, on receipt of $1.00. Sealed particulars, 3 cents.
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This extraordinary Rejuvenator is the most wonderful discovery of the age. It has been endorsed by the leading scientific men of Europe and America.

Hudyan is purely vegetable.
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MANHOOD
Constipation, Dizziness, Failing Sensations, Nervous Twitching of the eyes and other parts. Strengthens, invigorates and tones the entire system. Hudyan cures debility Nervousness, and develops and restores weak organs. Pains in the back are stopped quickly. Over 2,000 private testimonials.
Prematureness means impotency in the first stage. It is a symptom of seminal weakness and barrenness. It can be stopped in 30 days by the use of Hudyan.
The new discovery was made by the Specialists of the old famous Hudson Medical Institute. It is the strongest vitalizer made. It is very powerful, but harmless. Sold for $1.00 a package or 6 packages for $5.00 (plain sealed boxes). Written guarantee given for a cure. If you buy at once and are not entirely cured, as we will be sent to you free of EXPENSE. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address
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Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.
NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.
ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C
The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.
THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.
Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.
7.00 a.m. Lv...SPOKANE...Ar. 5.30 p.m.
Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

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DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.
A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W.G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.
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JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

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GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next post-office. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 423.

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SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 6735, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A.F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary. ja24

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy25 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 126, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, Scribe E. jy19

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight re cordially invited to attend. E. PFEIFFER, K. of R. &S. oct8

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the 3rd Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. K. U. SMITH, Secretary.

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I have had extended experience in this business in London, Eng.

Being a certified medical masseur, I am prepared to undertake the care of all persons requiring my service.

The water of the swimming tank and all other parts of the establishment will be kept scrupulously clean and fresh. Lessons in swimming by a competent instructor.

On Ladies' Day (every Monday) a lady will be in attendance who will see that the lady patrons of the bath want for no comfort. Hot tea and coffee obtainable on the premises.

Electric Bath now in operation; highly recommended by the medical profession.

I claim your patronage, ladies and gentlemen, for the reason that it shall be my earnest endeavor to conduct this establishment on strictly first class principles. Trusting the same will meet with your approval and support, I have the honor to be, ladies and gentlemen, your obedient servant.

DONALD F. MacDONALD, Late Hammam Baths, Jermyn St., London, England. mar31-1m

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

ONE NIGHT ONLY!

Friday, April 13th.

Eighth and Farewell American Tour of the

OVIDE MUSIN GRAND CONCERT CO.,

Composed of the following Eminent Solo Artists:

OVIDE MUSIN—The Violinist;
ANNIE LOUISE TANNER—MUSIN—The American Nightingale;
BESSIE BONSALL—The Phenomenal Contralto; and
FREDERIC W. ELLIOTT—America's Greatest Tenor.

Seats: $1.00, 75c., and 50c., at Jamieson's.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

OFFICE BOY WANTED at 40 Langley St. a12-3t

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply 75 Johnson street. a12tf

WANTED—A good millinery trimmer at the White House. ap10-4t

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FOR SALE.

NOTICE—Any person requiring loam, manure, or general teaming done inquire at Cameron's store, corner Douglas and Cormorant streets. ap17-1w

TO LET.

ROOMS TO LET for two working men. 2 Maclure street. a12-3

ONE OR TWO first-class bedrooms to let at Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior Street, James Bay. fe19

TO LET—Or for sale, a new house, with 6 acres of land, about three and a half miles from post-office. Apply Alan S. Dumbleton, 51 Langley St. fe7-tf

TO LET OR LEASE—Hotel with 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location Apply 16 Trounce avenue. j3-tf

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TO LET For housekeeping, two rooms, furnished, with water. Mrs. Wharton, 15 Caledonia avenue. ap18-1m

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—On 4th inst., on Fort street between school and Moss street or between the power house and Pleasant street, a gold and pearl horse shoe brooch. Finder will be rewarded on leaving same at this office. ap17-6t

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED TO PURCHASE—6-roomed dwelling with lot in good neighborhood. Address, stating price, Helsterman & Co. 2t

WANTED—Party with capital of $1,000 to put in a stock of general merchandise at the best trading point in the province. Liberal inducements to the right party. Address H. P. Palmerston, Boundary Creek, B. C. ap6-1m

HOUSE WANTED—Within about half a mile of the Postoffice; 7 or 8 rooms; must be comfortable, with modern conveniences, etc. Address, giving particulars and sterling rent expected, to "Visitor," Times office. mar 16-1w

Having imported direct from Scotland the Latest Improved Sanitary Air Sewer Traps, Gully Traps, S Traps, and a great variety of Bends, Sewer Pipes, three feet lengths, I am prepared to quote the lowest prices. J. W. KELLER, mar26-tf Cor. Yates and Quadra Sts.

Extra Choicest Moyune Gunpowder Tea 80 cents per lb. R. H. JAMESON, - - 33 Fort Street.

Hawaiian Correspondence.

Washington, D. C., April 13.—The President has sent to the senate another batch of Hawaiian correspondence from Willis, in which he informs the state department of the issue of a call for a convention for establishing a constitutional government, and the arrival of additional Japanese warships at Honolulu.

Coal Mine Slaughter.

Belgrade April 13.—In an explosion in a coal mine at Csuprija yesterday, sixteen men were killed.

For British Voters.

London, April 13.—In the commons today John Morley moved the first reading of the registration bill. This measure provides for half-yearly registration and that all elections shall take place on the same day. The bill allows one vote for each individual, and the non-payment of rates is no disqualification to electors.

Grateful Americans.

Panama, April 13.—The Bluefields, Nicaragua, Messenger prints a memorial from the American citizens thanking the captain and forces of the British warship Cleopatra for their valuable assistance in restoring order on the Mosquito reservation, and expressing the hope that the flags of America and England will yet be the guarantee of abiding peace and protection throughout the world.

Fair Play for Womanhood.

Washington, April 13.—Judge Wilson, counsel for Miss Pollard, began his speech to-day and asked what Butterworth would do with the fallen woman and the man who injured her. "I suppose," said Judge Wilson, "he would say 'I would turn the woman out and I would send the man to congress.' I stand here for womanhood. I protest against allowing this man to enter my parlor and your parlor while the basement door and the gate in the back alley are bolted against the woman."

THE DAILY TIMES

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The Daily Times.

WIDE OF THE FACTS.

It appears that the apology for the Dr. Davie job which the Colonist and the World have been quoting with so much gusto came from the pen of Dr. McGuigan, of Vancouver, who is associate editor for British Columbia of the Ontario Medical Journal. In a return submitted to the assembly showing salaries and allowances paid on account of provincial health work Dr. McGuigan's name is down for a total amount of $2,850, so the doctor can hardly be regarded as an impartial defender of the government and Dr. Davie. It is to be noted that in the return mentioned Dr. McGuigan's services are set down in detail, while Dr. Davie's are not, a fact that bears directly on the point at issue. Evidently no details were given of Dr. Davie's services because none could be given, for his second and longer term of office at least. So far as appears, the premier's brother was paid $200 a month from October 1, 1892, till December 31, 1893, for holding a sinecure, and it will take more than Dr. McGuigan's apology to justify a job of that character in the eyes of the public, especially when the province is living, as it were, on borrowed money. Dr. McGuigan has asserted that Dr. Davie "was selected at a meeting of medical men held in Victoria the night before the order in council was issued by the government putting Victoria and the province generally under the operation of a common health act." That statement is decidedly incorrect, as its author should have known, if he did not know. Very few of the medical men, or any other men, in Victoria knew anything about the October appointment until the exposure was made by the public accounts committee during the recent session. The statement is not correct even in respect of the first appointment in July, which was rescinded on August 22, and on account of which Dr. Davie received the sum of $1,000. In fact, the Medical Journal article from Dr. McGuigan's pen is very far from the truth, bearing just such wrong coloring as a partizan of the government might be expected to give it.

A DECIDED DIFFERENCE.

The worthy Colonist seeks to show that Premier Davie was right in regard to the Texada island commission by quoting the two resolutions which were set before the house. That is the worst thing it could have done for the premier's case, for any reader with ordinary perception can see the plain meaning of the words used. When the commission was instructed to examine into the "whole matter" it was not likely to feel itself restricted by the wording of the preamble. The Texada island resolution without the preamble read in this way:

"Therefore be it resolved, that a respectful address be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor praying that he will cause a royal commission to be appointed, with full power to take evidence under oath and send for persons and papers, for the purpose of inquiring into the whole matter and reporting thereon to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor for publication."

Contrast this general instruction to the commission with the manner in which the Nakusp and Slocan inquiry is hedged about with restrictions:

"Therefore be it resolved, that an humble address be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, praying him to appoint a royal commission to inquire whether the honorable the premier in advising the said guarantee worked for the company and not for the province, and whether corrupt motives of any kind existed with or influenced His Honor's ministers in the advice tendered by them to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor in relation to the Nakusp & Slocan railway company, and whether any of His Honor's ministers have, or had, any interest, directly or indirectly, in the Nakusp & Slocan railway company, or in any of the contracts of the company, either in furnishing material and supplies, or in any way whatsoever."

In the one case there was power to make a free investigation; in the other the inquiry must keep within certain lines, which are fixed to suit the premier's ideas.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Single Tax: "The Times reports the settlement of Australians in Paraguay to be a failure. From late news we have from Australia we conclude that our contemporary's information is not correct."

The Nelson Tribune, in discussing the Nakusp & Slocan railway, says: "The estimate of cost made by Engineer Duchesnay cuts no figure whatever, as his estimates for the several sections of the line go to show. His estimate for the first twelve miles out from Nakusp is $14,517 per mile, and for the next eleven miles $9,968 a mile. If the actual cost could be obtained from the construction company, it would clearly show that the first section of twelve miles cost less per mile than the second section of eleven miles, and that the two sections from the head of Slocan lake to Three Forks did not cost within $5,000 per mile of the estimate made by Mr. Duchesnay. Mr. Duchesnay also says in his affidavit that 'the general gradients and curvature of the line as located are, I consider, the best the country will permit.' Yet the curves are so sharp that it is impossible to keep upon the track the engine sent down for construction purposes by the Canadian Pacific. It is notorious that the line as located is not the best the country permits of, but is absolutely the worst."

Canadian News.

Bidding was very sharp at the auction sale of the Consolidated electric company's property in St. John's, N.B. The property including the street railway and the electric light plant and franchise was knocked down for $92,000 to E. C. Jones of the Bank of Montreal, who is supposed to represent a Montreal firm.

The upper story of a large stone building in St. Peter street, Quebec, owned and occupied by Giroux & Frere, druggists, was gutted by fire and considerable damage was done, especially to stock by water. Insurance was held in the Royal of England for $16,000.

Eustache Herbert, of Moncton, N. B., while shooting wild geese on the Northumberland Straits was knocked overboard by the recoil of his gun and drowned. He leaves a wife and family.

A bag company just started in Quebec for the manufacture of paper bags, was opened the other day. The factory is capable of turning out 100,000 bags per day.

A man, supposed to be Timothy Gavin, of Hamilton, was killed in the railway tunnel at Thorold.

G. Smithers' general store at Seaforth, was burned. Loss $3000; insured.

About two and a quarter million feet of long lumber, three and a half million laths and two and a quarter million shingles cleared out of St. John for United States ports recently, and a cargo of over a million feet of deals, etc., for Great Britain. Two cargoes of firewood cleared for Rockland, Maine.

Burglars made an unsuccessful attempt to rob the postoffice at Leamington.

At the Chatham assizes a man named Rowan, who shot another man named Monck in the knee, was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

The Premier and His Office.

The resignation by Mr. Gladstone of the post of prime minister will serve to concentrate the attention of students of the British constitution on the practical workings of an institution which has been designated by Mr. Gladstone himself as "unique creation." The written law knows nothing whatever of the prime minister. It simply knows him as a member of one or other house of parliament, as a privy councillor, or as a holder of a certain office, such as first lordship of the treasury. The best description of the position of a British prime minister is given by the illustrious statesman who now vacates that great office. Mr. Gladstone, writing in the North American Review for September, 1878, thus explains to the people of the United States the status of the British premier: "Departmentally, he is no more than the first named of five persons by whom jointly the powers of the first treasurership are taken to be exercised; he is not their master nor otherwise than by mere priority their head, and he has no special function nor prerogative under the formal constitution of the office. He has no official rank except that of privy councilor. Eight members of the cabinet, including five secretaries of state and several other members of the government, take official precedence of him. His rights and duties as head of the administration are nowhere recorded. He is almost, if not altogether, unknown to the statute law." ("Gleanings of Past Years," vol. 1, p. 240.) The discussion with reference to Mr. Gladstone's successor as prime minister brings into prominence the fact that ministers have become the servants rather of the house of commons, and through the house of commons of the people, than of the crown. Mr. Freeman considers the development in constitutional practice to have modified our method of expression. "We speak," he says, "of Mr. Gladstone's government or of Mr. Disraeli's government. I can myself remember the time when such a form of words was unknown, when 'government' still meant 'government by kings, lords and commons,' and when the body of men who acted as the king's immediate advisers were spoken of as 'ministers' or the 'ministry.'" A novel doctrine has been advanced since the announcement of Mr. Gladstone's retirement in the form of an article of faith that the premier must be in the house of commons. For this position there is no foundation whatever. Since the commencement of the century twelve statesmen, including Lord Rosebery, have held the post of prime minister. Of these thirteen have been peers, exclusive, of course, of Lord Palmerston, who as an Irish peer sat in the house for a British constituency. Two prime ministers—Earl Russell and the Earl of Beaconsfield—have held the office first as members of the house of commons, and subsequently as members of the house of lords.—Law Times.

An old lady who died recently at Stoke Fleming, near Dartmouth, with the key of her safe in her hand, and who lived a life of comparative seclusion, owned property worth $500,000. Her relatives have found hidden away in her house in vases and jars about $50,000 in cash.

MEETING OF CREDITORS.

A Variety of Puzzling Legal Questions This Afternoon.

The creditors of Green, Worlock & Co. are having a meeting this afternoon at the Board of Trade. The matter of admission was given careful attention, everyone presenting himself being requested to present credentials. Voting tickets were distributed, people having over $50 only being allowed to vote, and the number of votes of each individual creditor of a larger sum being fixed by the ratio provided in the amended act. All manner of legal questions were raised and it is probable that it will be of no effect whatever.

John Kinsman said there were two kinds of creditors, secured and unsecured creditors, and wanted to know if both could vote. He did not believe it fair if the people who were secured creditors could vote the unsecured ones might as well go home.

Mr. Yates said he made no distinction. He saw a man present whose garnishee had been secured by a decision in court.

Noah Shakespeare suggested that the secured creditors withdraw and moved to that effect. There were several seconders.

Mr. Yates said they were assuming something. The secured creditors were not fully secured.

Mr. McLellan said the secured creditors should withdraw. He would if he were one.

Mr. Drury wanted to know about the point of people who had less than $50 at stake being excluded from voting. There were many cries of question.

E. C. Baker wanted to know how the voting was to be done.

The chair said it would be by the tickets distributed to the meeting. They were proceeding under the amended act.

Consul Myers declared that it was unjust not to follow the act in every respect. The act specified that the meeting must be called by circular. That had not been done.

Mr. Fell said the act was not in effect when the meeting was decided upon and called, but was now.

Mr. McLellan again urged that the secured creditors withdraw.

Henry Waller said they were preparing to vote on a proposition in which the secured creditors had a vote in. They would be over-ruled. If the chair would not do their will they would get another.

Mr. Gregory believed the amended act related to assignments made after the passage of it.

Mr. Meyers moved that the vote be by ayes and nays. Mr. Shakespeare seconded.

Mr. Yates moved that votes be suspended till the assignees could make a statement. Mr. Peter seconded.

Premier Davie was called upon and said that the act was not retrospective or retroactive and did not apply to this meeting. Speaking as a representative of a creditor he believed that the assignees should be guided by the expression of the interests represented. The meeting he regarded as an advisory one. He believed that the creditors should not jump before they reached the stile. The assignees should be called upon to submit a statement of the affairs. Then, and not until then, could anything practical be arrived at.

Mr. Shakespeare said that there was no intention to interfere with the assignees. That was not the idea.

Premier Davie said it was idle to exclude the secured creditors from a meeting that could do nothing. There was a legal precedent in the matter which he did not remember just then, as to the rights of the secured creditors but they were bound to respect them and must proceed legally.

Mr. Shakespeare said a fully secured creditor was not a creditor of the same standing as they were. He disagreed with the premier on the point of their being able to do business. They were proceeding under the old act. The creditors had the say, not the assignees, as to holding meetings.

Mr. Yates' amendment to defer voting was lost by about 150 to 40 and Mr. Shakespeare's motion to exclude secured creditors from voting was carried by about 166 to 5.

Mr. Yates explained how the meeting was called, saying that it grew out of the meetings held by the dissatisfied creditors. He said at the last meeting there was a very representative gathering. He did not believe the resolution passed was a proper expression o the feelings of the meeting but was voted for by many simply to kill a former resolution. He did not believe the assignees had not been given a fair trial. He explained that they had discharged all of the clerks except Mr. Goward, and Mr. Worlock had been retained as a consultor for two hours work daily at a salary of $100 a month. He objected very much to being condemned without a trial. Objection had been made to Mr. Coltart, but he regarded himself as competent to see that none of the silly things insinuated against Mr. Coltart would come true. The assignees had planned to call meetings from time to time, and to retain trusted auditors to make statements. This meeting was called to name someone to assist the creditors. Well, he objected to that. They, as assignees, were in charge of the winding up of the affairs of the bank and it would be unjust to put anyone in who would not serve them. There would be friction.

Mr. Myers interrupted to ask if they had given any bonds.

Mr. Yates said they were responsible. They were greater creditors than many of the people who were creating dissension among the creditors. He devoted considerable time to the various stories circulated. He said he regarded as useless to go anything but the affairs from which something tangible could be obtained. He believed the creditors should aid the assignees in every way. He detailed an instance of a creditor going to a clerk in the bank and saying that $500 for prosecution would be subscribed if anything crooked in Mr. Worlock's dealings could be found. He had found Mr. Worlock's dealings perfectly honorable. If the necessity for the prosecution became necessary he would heed it.

Mr. Shakespeare moved that Hon. Robert Beaven be named a trustee to represent the creditors, and the courts be applied to to appoint him. He spoke, urging his motion, and Mr. Kinsman seconded the motion.

Mr. Pieter claimed that the expense would be increased and that there was was no necessity for any such action. He denied the charge that he spoke by prearrangement at the last meeting.

E. M. Johnson said the minutes of the last meeting had not been read. There were cries that it was no meeting.

Mr. McLellan said the chief objection of creditors was that too many of the people formerly connected with the bank were still continued. He had every confidence in the assignees but believed the creditors should have a man to represent them.

The question of how to vote on the matter again arose. The chair and Premier Davie advised them to vote by the tickets. He said to the secured creditors that they should be allowed to vote to the extent of the difference between the amount and value of their claims.

There was a general discussion as to the voting of the secured creditors and the manner of voting.

Mr. Johnson moved to strike out the name and there were several seconders.

Mr. Yates said he wanted to know what the effect of the resolution would be. The meeting was illegal and he did not propose to be bound by it.

Alex. Wilson said standing on that technicality would increase the suspicion.

Mr. Shakespeare said if the assignees would not be guided by such a representative gathering of creditors they had better get out. They were not there to be fooled. If theassignees would not be guided by the creditors he proposed to demand their resignations. It was wrong. It was wrong to have one man dictate to one thousand.

Mr. Yates said he had not raised the question of the legality of the meeting. Mr. Davie had given his opinion on that and Mr. Mills agreed with him. As it was illegal, he was bound to act accordingly.

Mr. Cassidy defended Mr. Yates, saying he had been very temperate in the matter.

Mr. Carter said that they should vote by show of hands, and Mr. Waller said if they declared such a vote illegal the assignees had no standing.

Mr. Mills said the assignees were legally constituted, their standing being secured by the trust deed. The meeting had a right to advise the assignees.

Mr. Davie advised taking the vote by ticket.

At 4:30 o'clock when the Times went to press the vote was taken by tickets. Counting will consume some time.

Another Atlantic Cable.

London, April 13.—The steamer Faraday, with a part of the Commercial Cable company's new cable on board, sailed from here to-day. The cable is to be laid from Waterville, Ireland, to Nova Scotia. The entire cable will be about two thousand miles long. The Faraday not being large enough to carry the whole cable, will drop the shore section, about five hundred miles, first, and then lay the deep sea cable, which is smaller than the shore ends. The cable was manufactured by Siemens Bros. & Co., of London, and is guaranteed to afford 33 1-4 per cent. improvement in speed over the other cables in use by the Commercial company. This will ensure transmission at the rate of thirty words a minute. The cable is much larger than any ocean cable heretofore made. The Nova Scotia end has been provided with additional protection in order to prevent its being broken by the anchors of fishing vessels. Most of the copper used in the conducting part of the cable was supplied by the Roeblings, of Trenton, N.J.

China's Fighting Power.

The total army of China at that time, including 600,000 militia, known as the Green Flag army, scattered through the various provinces, was said to be about 1,000,000 men. In time of necessity this force could be largely increased. The following quotation from an author who had experience with Gen. Gordon's "Ever victorious army," shows Chinamen are admirably suitable for soldiers:

"The old notion is pretty well got rid of that they are at all a cowardly people, when properly paid and efficiently led, while the regularity and order of their habits, which dispose them to peace in ordinary times, gives place to a daring bordering on recklessness in time of war. Their intelligence and capacity for remembering facts make them well fitted for use in modern warfare, as do also the coolness and calmness of their disposition. Physically, they are, on the average, not so strong as Europeans, but considerably more so than most of the other races of the east, and on a cheap diet of rice, vegetables, salt fish and pork they can go through a vast amount of fatigue, whether in a temperate climate or a tropical one, where Europeans are ill-fitted for exertion. Their wants are few, they have no caste prejudices, and hardly any appetite for intoxicating liquors."—The Nineteenth Century.

The Crisis in Peru.

Under ordinary circumstances the death of President Bermudez, of Peru, which took place on Saturday, would have no mischievous consequences, for the national constitution provides that in such an event the first vice-president, or in case he fails to qualify, the second vice-president, shall discharge the executive functions for the unexpired part of the term, which in this case will extend to August 10th of the present year. What makes the existing situation dangerous is the act that owing to the excited state of public opinion, the first vice-president has taken refuge on board a British gunboat in the harbor of Callao, and has requested those who have supported his candidacy for the chief magistracy to take no part in the pending election. The result is that the second vice-president has assumed the executive functions, but the fear is that Caceres, whether or not he is chosen president for the term beginning August 10th, will at once usurp the office of chief magistrate, an act which would undoubtedly provoke the partisans of Pierola to attempt a revolution.—New York Sun.

New Use for the Telephone.

Here's a story of the telephone as it is used, or abused, in Russia. The use of the instrument to intimidate prisoners is the invention of a police inspector at Odessa. A man was one day brought into the police station, charged with having committed a serious robbery. The inspector had some difficulty in proving the case, and had recourse to an ingenious stratagem. He went to the telephone in an adjourning room, and asked the clerk at the central office to speak into the instrument the following words, in a solemn tone:—"Istno Smeflanski, you must confess the robbery; if you don't you are sure to be sentenced, and your punishment will be all the more severe."

He then sent for the prisoner, and questioned him again, threatening to appeal to the "machine" to get at the truth. The thief burst into a laugh, but the inspector held the telephone to his ear, and gave the preconcerted signal. The result was as expected. The rogue, terrified by the warning uttered by the uncanny "machine," at once made a clean breast of it.—Harper's Young People.

NEW WALL PAPERS AND ROOM MOULDINGS AT J. W. MELLORS, 76, 78 & 65 Fort Street. Telephone 406.

The..... Purest... Soap Manufactured.

CONTI'S WHITE CASTILE SOAP

Sold by the ounce or pound.

COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists, Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

Suits, $16; Pants, $4. 101 Douglas st.

—The Liberal Association meets this evening.

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—John Thomas was fined $10 yesterday in the provincial police court for assaulting a Chinaman.

—The funeral of the late Olivia Lingley took place yesterday from the residence of Thomas Elliott, Mason street.

—If you want a good meal for 25 cents go to the Globe restaurant, 42 Yates street, which is under entirely new management. Twenty meals, $4. Cuisine is excellent.

—A saw mill with a capacity of 20,000 feet a day is to be established at Hall's Crossing by F. Floyd. The machinery has just been completed by J. Robertson and the Albion Iron Works.

—The Kootenay & Columbia Prospecting and Mining Company, Ltd., (Foreign), has been registered under the Companies' Act, British Columbia. The capital stock is $40,000 and the headquarters at Ottawa.

—At 10 o'clock to-morrow night at the close of the Musin concert a car will leave Fort and Douglas streets for Oak Bay, so that any who desire to attend the Canoe club ball will be accommodated.

—J. E. Armstrong of Toronto, who is at present at the Dallas, leaves this week on a trading expedition to the Peace river. He goes to Ashcroft from here and then 500 miles up the Fraser. He will buy furs from the Indians and will be away about six months.

—Spring assizes are to be held in the province as follows: Nanaimo, May 1; New Westminster, May 8; Vancouver, May 15; Clinton, May 28; Victoria, May 29; Kamloops, June 4; Vernon, June 11; Donald, June 15, and Nelson, June 19. The last two mentioned are special assizes.

—For the second time in the last few weeks Mr. Marks' place of business on Store street has been visited by a robber. The place was entered first on Easter Monday by a burglar who secured a number of articles. Again a few evenings ago a Chinese sneak thief stole a bundle of goods and got away although pursued.

—At the Easter vestry meeting of St. James' church, last evening, Ven. Archdeacon Scriven presided. Very satisfactory reports for the past year were presented. Officers were elected as follows: Rector's Warden, Col. R. Wolfenden; people's warden, C. A. Gollin; church committee, E. C. Baker, G. W. Booth, T. C. Sorby, Tom Kains, George Jay, jr., M. S. Wade, M. D., E. A. Jacob, E. Mallandaine, jr., W. W. Northcott and P. D. Goepel; vestry clerk, W. A. Cornwall, and auditor, H. B. Haines.

—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor in Council by virtue of the powers vested in him by the supreme court directed that after Monday, the 16th instant, the registry for Nanaimo Judicial District shall be established in Nanaimo. The following new rule of court has also been gazetted, taking effect April 12: "Until further order, the local judge of the supreme court of British Columbia for the county court district of Nanaimo shall, within his territorial jurisdiction, in any action, suit, matter or proceeding in the supreme court, have and be possessed of the same powers and jurisdiction as are now or can hereafter be exercised by any judge of the supreme court of British Columbia."

—A meeting of Loyal Dauntless lodge was held on Tuesday, April 10th, the following officers being present: N. G. Bro. Lucas in the chair; Bro. W. H. Owen in the vice-chair; P. N. G. Bro. Leroy, financial secretary; Bro. Thomson, recording secretary; Bro. H. Firth, treasurer; Bro. Pearse, I. M.; Bro. L. D. Cunmiligs R. S. S.; Bro. Ross, L. S.S.; Bro. McGillivray, R. S. N. G.; Bro. D. Ross, L. S. N. G.; Bro. McGillivray, R. S. V. G.; Bro. Williams, L. S. V. G.; Bro. Arshmout, warden; Bro. Allen, conductor; Bro. Welsh, I. G.; Bro. Gibson, O. G.; Bros. Morrison, Dyke, McKay and D. Ross were appointed on the finance committee for the ensuing term. There were two propositions for membership. Lodge business over, Bros. Carter, Cooper, Fullerton and Ottaway of Loyal Fernwood, also Bros. Tagg, Gibson, Firth, Thomson and Kent of Loyal Dauntless obliged with recitations, speeches, songs, etc. The lodge adjourned after a very enjoyable evening.

meeting of St. James' and St. John's will be held this evening.

—Hinde's Curling Pins at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Prairie State Incubator for sale at McLennan & McFeely's.

—Chicken fencing, four feet high, 18 cents per yard, at McLennan & McFeely's.

—Largest assortment of lace curtains, etc., to be seen in British Columbia at Weiler Bros.

—Mrs. Bridges will continue her classes and socials as usual at Sir William Wallace hall. See advertisement.

—Exchange is no robbery. We give the very best value for your money at Weiler Bros. Come and see all the new goods.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—There was a hop in Sir William Wallace hall last evening under the direction of Mrs. Bridges. There was a good attendance, the music was the best, and all had a very pleasant time.

—John Keen, C. E., president of the Kaslo hospital, waited upon Premier Davie yesterday and urged that the hospital receive the usual grant. Mr. Davie stated that of course the application came too late to be considered in the estimates, but promised to bring the matter before the executive council.

—Surveyor-General Tom Kains has presented the Merchants' Exchange with a complete set of all the maps of the province, and also a very handsome one for the council chamber. They are being tastefully mounted, and henceforth will adorn the walls of the institution.

—The funeral of the late Mrs. M. Powers took place this morning from the family residence, Fort street, and the R. C. cathedral, where services were conducted by Rev. Father Nicolaye. There was a large attendance of friends and the floral offerings were very handsome. The pall bearers were: C. L. Cole, Wm. Berwick, H. Foster, James Wishart, T. Geiger, jr., and George Stelly, jr.

—The commanding officers' parade of the B. C. B. G. A. took place last evening, Major P. A. E. Irving being in command in the absence of Col. Prior. The men and accoutrements were inspected by Major Rawstorne, R. M. A., who complimented the officers and men. The following promotions have been made in No. 1 company: To be corporals, Gunners J. Wilson and Cave; to be bombardiers, Gunners K. Finlayson, J. H. Ridsdale, W. Barla and C. Holmes.

—The fastidious Englishman thinks of Poole when he wants a new suit of clothes. Every well dressed English woman asks for Priestley's dress fabrics. The higher grades are partly wool and partly silk, and the effect of this combination is exceedingly beautiful. There is at once a richness and softness and delicacy which appeal to every woman of taste. These goods are sold by first-class dealers. The trade mark is the "Varnished Board," round which the cloth is rolled. Nothing else is Priestley's.

—The steamer Walla Walla sails this evening for San Francisco with the following cabin passengers from Victoria: Miss C. Blood, Mrs. A. E. Verrinder and children, Mrs. J. B. Jones, W. A. Lawson, Miss S Peers, Mrs. H. R. Hooper, Mrs. M. Stewart, Captain S. Simonsen, W. D. Higgins, E. E. Cracknell, Mrs. S. Simonsen, Miss P. Legeault, Mrs. J. L. Raymur, Mrs. P. D. Lizat, Mrs Freznax, Rev. J. B. Proux, James Anderson, S A. Rogers, Miss McNeil, W. E. Peck, J. W. Anderson, Mrs. E. R. Stormc, and Mrs. A. Lawson and children

—Superintendent Hussey last evening received word that Red Bluff Charley, alias Cultus Charley, an Alkali Lake Indian, had shot an Indian and his klootchman, both of whom were expected expected to die. The shooting took place at the Dog Lake reserve last Saturday. Charley used a Winchester rifle, the bullets from which entered the breasts of both his victims. The perpetrator of the deed has taken to the woods, and at last accounts nothing had been heard of him. As Superintendent Hussey says, he may keep out of the way for a few weeks, but, like most Indian fugitives, he will eventually place himself in the way of the officers.

—The vestry meeting of St. John's church was held last evening, with the rector, Rev. Pendrel Jeans, in the chair. Bishop Perrin and a large number of members of the congregation were present. Henry Saunders, treasurer, read the financial report, which showed the total debt of the church to be $3,209.57. There was a general discussion as to the best means of raising the money necessary, the rector very generously offering to permit his stipend to be reduced to $500. Finally, on motion of E. M. Johnson, a committee composed of D. R. Ker, A. C. Flumerfelt and A. L. Belyea, was named to place a mortgage upon some of the church property for a sufficient sum to pay the debt. The election of church officers was postponed.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

For One Month Only

CABINET PHOTOS $3 per Doz., Cash.

SKENE LOWE, 63 Gov't St

TRANSFER OF STEAMBOATS.

The North Pacific and Schome in U. P. Hands.

The Tacoma Ledger says: To-day the Puget Sound and Alaska Steamship company will formally transfer back to the Union Pacific railroad company the steamers North Pacific and Schome.

E. J. Rathbone, of Seattle, who was port captain of the Union Pacific on the Sound until last June, has been authorized by that company to take charge of the boats.

Mr. Rathbone was in the city yesterday, taking an inventory of all the furnishings of the steamers for the purpose of comparing it with the inventory made at the time of the charter.

It is not known what will be done with the steamers. Some say they will be taken around to the Union Pacific boneyard at Portland and will be laid up there until times permanently improve. Others think that they will be left right where they are. The Union Pacific, they say, will thus avoid the expense of taking them around the cape and will be where they will be needed when times improve. Mr. Rathbone said yesterday that his instructions were simply to take charge of the boats. He will leave for Portland to-day or to-morrow to report their condition and receive instructions.

The steamers have been under lease by the Puget Sound and Alaska Steamship company for two years. Last summer the steamer North Pacific was sublet to the Pacific Navigation company. That company ran her for about six months and then, as she was not paying, cancelled the lease.

The steamer Schome was turned over to the Union Pacific by the Puget Sound and Alaska steamship company nearly a year ago. The Union Pacific relet her to the Pacific Navigation company, which operated her up to a short time ago, when she was allowed to pass back into the hands of the Union Pacific. That company desired the Puget Sound and Alaska steamship company to take charge of her, which it did; though it was under no obligation to do so. Since then the boats have been tied up with no one but watchmen on board them. They are in excellent condition so far as can be seen. The steamer City of Seattle, belonging to the Puget Sound and Alaska steamship company is still undergoing repairs at the sea wall. She is being prepared for service in case business picks up sufficient to warrant her being placed on a run.

Who is Right About It?

A. L. Poudrier is a Dominion land surveyor in the employ of the survey branch of the lands and works department of British Columbia. J. McEvoy is an assistant of Dr. Selwyn in charge of the geological survey branch of the department of the interior at Ottawa. Both have been employed in the northwest part of this province. A year or two ago Mr. Poudrier compiled, presumably from his own surveys and other duly attested and trustworthy sources, and the department of lands and works published, a map of that section of British Columbia. Last year Mr. McEvoy was instructed to examine the country in the vicinity of the southern part of Alaska. His examination led him along the Naas river, and following it from the mouth of Glo-mel-kun creek in a north-northwest direction, he says in his report: "It was found that the main branch of this river, as found on Mr. Poudrier's recent map, does not exist, the whole river occupying approximately the position assigned to the northwest branch of the map referred to." When doctors differ who shall decide? But what shall be thought of the reliability of the maps thus discredited by the first cursory examination of the country they are supposed to cover?—Kaslo Times.

The Popular Remedy.

Every cough and cold can be speedily and effectually cured if promptly treated by the use of Atwood's Cough Cure, which is steadily gaining the appreciation of the public.

By the timely and regular use of this valuable specific, the assailed functions of the throat and lungs are quickly restored to healthy vitality and the seeds of what might prove permanent and fatal, annihilated.

Testimonials to its healing powers are being received daily and will be gladly shown to anyone by the proprietors.

The cough remedy is sold by all druggists.

R. J. W. Atwood & Co., 68 Douglas street, Victoria, sole manufacturers.

Marine.

The tug Lorne arrived in from sea yesterday morning and left at night with the ship Eastcroft for Moodyville. The Eastcroft is chartered to load lumber.

Bark Thermopylae will be ready in a few days to sail from Westminster with a load of lumber.

The steamer Umatilla, from San Francisco this morning, brought one hundred passengers and eighty-three tons freight for Victoria.

The City of Topeka calls here this evening on the way to Alaska.

Spring Novelties.

The latest styles in Millinery and Capes at Lansdowne House. J. Partridge.

Periodicals.

In the Literary Digest for March 29th there were forty-five magazines represented, American, English, Canadian, German, French, Dutch, Spanish and Russian. There were forty-one daily and weekly papers, some of them from the Japanese, Chinese, South African also from India, Hawaii and New Zealand. In the Digest of April 5th are notable articles on nearly every living topic of general interest from all over the world. The translations and condensations are made specially for it by its regular editorial staff. The number is fully illustrated.

PERSONAL.

E. B. Marvin returned from the south on the Umatilla.

Frank M. Sullivan, of the Seattle Telegraph, is in the city.

S. A. Rogers, M.P.P., leaves by the Walla Walla for San Francisco.

J. H. Hyde and C. J. Koeford, of San Francisco, are at the Oriental.

J. W. Lysons, of the Port Townsend Leader, and Mrs. Lysons are in town.

Mrs. R. J. Horton and daughter came up from San Francisco this morning.

W. A. Lawson, assistant cashier with R. P. Rithet & Co., leaves for California to-night.

W. J. Lapont, A. E. McKay, J. A. K. Ewing, and R. N. Thompson, of Vancouver, are at the Oriental.

Capt. Anderson, formerly of the steamer Olympia, is in the city. He is accompanied by Mrs. Anderson.

Mrs. W. Wilson and daughter, who have been spending the winter in California, came home this morning.

Owide Musin and wife, Bessie Bonsall, E. Scharf, and Fred. W. Elliott, of the Musin company are at the Driard.

John Keen, returned to Kaslo this morning. Miss Twiss went up to spend the summer with her sister, Mrs. Keen.

T. A. Graham, district passenger agent of the Southern Pacific railway, with headquarters at Tacoma, is in the city.

R. Wilson, owner of extensive collieries in Scotland, is at the Dallas with his family. They are on a trip around the world.

D. Doig, of the Bank of B. N. A., and C. N. McDonald, of the Dominion government offices returned from San Francisco this morning.

R. D. Thomas, jr., Tacoma; W. B. Abbott, Quebec; John Campbell, Vancouver; and H. R. Hooper and wife, Montreal, are at the Driard.

Among the guests at the Hotel Dallas are: Sir Arthur Cowell Stepney and servant, England; W. E. Peck, England; J. B. Stuart, Vancouver.

JAPANESE Flowers Plants AND Goods

Will arrive per N. P. steamer Mogul from Japan, a Fine Assorted Variety of Japanese Flowers and Plants of over TWENTY DIFFERENT KINDS AND COLORS of rare beauty.

For Sale at BAZAAR, 90 Douglas St.

A. WANIBE.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE, 30 Broad Street.

JUDICIOUS

Advertising is the fountain of success. So say our great advertisers; people who make it a life study. They surely know

BUYERS

Who are continually on the lookout for places where their dollars will go the furthest in these hard times, claim our clothing to give the best wear and

PURCHASE

Their Clothing of us. These are facts that can be verified at any time, so fall in line and come to us, honest goods, lowest prices, first-class styles.

OUR CLOTHING

Is personally selected by us, not only as to style, but as to material and make. Try us one time.

NUFF CED.

Cash and one price. 55 Johnson street.

CAMERON.

Fix this name indelibly in your memory

STAMINAL STAMINAL STAMINAL STAMINAL STAMINAL

and remember it is a Food and a Tonic combined.

For sale by Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

Great Slaughtering Bankrupt Stock Sale

The proprietor of THE STANLEY HOUSE has puschased through an agent here at a great discount FIVE CASES OF NEW SPRING GOODS consigned to W. S. Hampson & Co., which will be opened Saturday, April 14th.

This lot consists of Dress Goods, Prints, Blouse Silks, Hosery, Military Braids, Trimmings, Embroideries, Muslins, Etc.

These Goods will be marked the same as the present stock in plain red figures, at fully 50 per cent. less than they are usually sold at.

THIS IS A SNAP.

New Goods at about half price. Every lady in Victoria should see them.

THE STANLEY HOUSE, Douglas Srreet.

The British Columbia Sugar Refining Company, (LIMITED) VANCOUVER, B.C.

Manufacturers of Refined Sugars and Syrups of the Highest Quality. Guaranteed Absolutely Pure and Superior to any others in the Province.

PRICE LIST

SUGAR—Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls.		5⅛c. per lb.
Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags,		5⅝c. "
Granulated, " "		4⅝c. "
Yellow, according to quality, "		3¾ to 4⅛c. "
100 lb. Kegs ⅛c. more, Half Bbls. ¼c. more, Boxes ½c. more.		
SYRUPS—30 Gal. Barrels,		2½c. per lb.
10 " Kegs,		2¾c. "
5 " "		$2.00 each.
1 " Tins,		$4.25 per case of 10
½ " "		5.75 " 20

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice Special terms for lots of 100 Barrels and upwards.

NO CHINESE LABOR EMPLOYED.

Immense Variety Stock ...At... WEILER BROS.

....FOR THE SPRING TRADE, COMPRISING....

LACE CURTAINS

In Tambour, Irish Point Applieque, Real Brussels Lace, Fine Nottingham and other makes.

GOODS BY THE YARD FOR SASH CURTAINS

Brussels Lace Swiss Emtroidered, Muslins, White Figured Muslins, Dotted Nets, Dotted Muslins, Etc.

FANCY GOODS PER THE YARD

Dotted Muslins and Figured Muslins on Plain Grounds, Madras Muslins, Stripe Silks, Art Muslins, Cretonnes, Etc.

NOTE

These goods are very cheap; great variety to select from; everything new and pretty.

Severe Pain in Shoulder 2 Years Cured by "The D.&L." Menthol Plaster.

My wife was afflicted for two years with a severe pain under the left shoulder and through to the heart; after using many remedies without relief, she tried a "D. & L." Menthol Plaster, it did its work, and owing to this cure hundreds of these plasters have been sold by me here, giving equal satisfaction.

J. B. SUTHERLAND Druggist, River John, N.S.

Sold Everywhere. 25c. each.

COUPON.

America Photographed.

PART 4.

Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 4 of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage.

Cut out now and present before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time.

Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may remit for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

ESCHEWED ESCHATOLOGY.

A 'Frisco Presbyterian Minister Resigns for Want of Faith.

San Francisco, April 12.—Rev. C. A. Poage has been a life long Presbyterian. His father was a Presbyterian minister before him and his people for generations have accepted the doctrines of that church. For years Mr. Poage has been a shining light in the Presbyterian church in San Francisco. He has always been a champion of all the dogmas contained in the Westminster Confession of Faith. For ten years he was editor of the Occident, the official Presbyterian journal of the Pacific coast, and labored with zeal and earnestness in defence of all the articles of the Presbyterian faith. But a change has been worked in his belief, and last night he sent a communication to the San Francisco Presbytery, which began its regular session in St. John's Presbyterian church at 7.30 last night, as follows:

To the Presbytery of San Francisco: In accordance with section 53 of the Book of Discipline, I hereby renounce the jurisdiction of the Presbyterian church, and respectfully request that my name be erased from the roll. My reasons for taking this step are that my affairs are in such a state that it will be impossible for a long time to come to resume the active work of the ministry, and my views on Eschatology are no longer in harmony with the standard of the Presbyterian church. I shall, however, continue to do all within my power to promote the welfare of the church to whose services I have given the best years of my life. Hoping and praying that you may all be blessed by God and that the Presbytery may speedily become strong and prosperous and influential and a great power for good, I am yours sincerely, C. A. POAGE.

Nearly all the Presbyterian ministers of the city were in attendance, and while some few expected the communication, the great majority were much surprised. Dr. Ellis wanted the Presbytery to accept the resignation at once and made a motion to that effect. But the body was not disposed to act in a hurry, and the communication was referred to a committee for investigation. The doctrine of Eschatology in the Westminster confession, to which Rev. Mr. Poage objects, refers to the destiny of man and the salvation of the soul.

TAKEN FROM JAIL.

Elsie Guibert's Strange Infatuation for a Sing Sing Convict.

New York, April 13.—George W. Curtiss, who was sentenced to seven years' imprisonment in Sing Sing for grand larceny in 1890, was released from prison to-day. His sentence was commuted through the efforts of pretty Elsie Guibert, of this city, and now a wedding is all that is necessary to complete the romance. Elsie Guibert's acquaintance with George W. Curtiss has an odd history. When Warden Brown was in power in Sing Sing he was in the habit of directing the prison choir to sing for the women who visited the prison. His private dining-room usually served as a concert hall. During some of these entertainments these women's tendency to pity any criminal who is at all interesting was strikingly illustrated.

Mrs. Charles Guibert, of this city, and her daughter-Elsie were among Warden Brown's audience one Sunday, and in the choral "gang" Miss Guibert noticed a convict who wore a necktie. Thhis (the necktie) was unusual, to say the least, for not many of the prisoners may be trusted with anything by which one might strangle himself. Elsie wrote to Warden Brown as soon as she reached New York, asking the name of the convict whose neck was adorned by a scarf during the concert. Warden Brown answered that the singer was George W. Curtiss. Then she wrote to Curtiss. Soon after Warden Durston succeeded Warden Brown a clergyman from Harlem, who had been pastor of the Curtiss family, went to Sing Sing, and soon afterward the governor consented to commute Curtiss' sentence by taking off two and one-half years.

Albany, N. Y., April 13.—Governor Flower says that the case of George W. Curtiss is one of the romances of the Executive department. Last October an appointment was made for the Governor, and a young woman, who pleaded for the pardon of Curtiss, was urged to give the reason for her interest in the prisoner.

"The truth is, that George and I are engaged to be married," she said. As soon as Governor Flower had recovered from his astonishment he gave the young woman some good fatherly advice. He pointed out the danger of an alliance with a man in State Prison.

"The blight will attach to you and to your children," he said, "and I advise you to think the matter over very seriously."

The young woman said very decidedly that her mind was made up, and that she would marry Curtiss.

"You don't know my position," she said to the Governor. "My stepfather insists that I shall marry an old man, all shaky with paralysis, and unless you pardon George I shall have to leave home."

The Governor learned that Curtiss had appropriated money while acting as a clerk, but had paid most of it back before his theft was discovered. Under pressure of the New York District Attorney, whom the young woman also saw, Governor Flower agreed to commute the sentence of Curtiss after an interval of six months, in which he said he hoped the visitor would see her mistake and change her mind.

"She don't appear to have done so," said the Governor to-night, "and I suppose now that Curtiss' term has expired she will marry him. It is a strange case, and I hope she won't have occasion to regret her action."

ROYAL LABOR COMMISSION.

Some of the Important Findings to be Reported.

London, April 13.—The report of the royal commission on labor has been completed and signed, and is now in the hands of the printer. It will probably be ready for distribution among the members of the houses of commons and lords on Monday next. The commission has held two or three meetings weekly for the past year and a half, and its conclusion will be embodied in two bulky volumes of about 500 pages each. The report will be of importance to the various trades organizations of this country, and of interest to organized labor the world over, especially as the conclusions of the commission are likely to be embodied in legislation should the government that comes into power after the next general election be a Liberal one.

The report opposes the establishment by law of a universal eight hour day, but favors the extension of existing legislation concerning the hours of labor of women and children, especially in occupations that are dangerous to health. It recommends legislation of a sanitary character under which all persons in every branch of trade and industry employing more than ten persons shall be required to submit their premises to a sanitary inspection and to obtain a license to operate such premises. This legislation will particularly apply to such occupations as the manufacture of clothing, where the worst sanitary evils exist.

The establishment of a central labor bureau or exchange under government auspices is favored, and the commission recommends an amendment of the laws passed in 1875 concerning conspiracy and protection of property, which makes picketing and intimidation penal offences. The commission hold that picketing on the part of trades unions is a justifiable expedient under certain conditions. With the view of minimizing strikes and other trades disputes the commission favors the establishment under an act of parliament of district boards of conciliation and arbitration to settle questions arising out of future agreements. These boards may either be established by a government department, or by the city and county councils. They should be given statutory powers of intervening in trades disputes, of holding inquiries, of using means of securing information, and as a last resort or arbitrarily arbitrating the differences involved.

The commission holds that no act of parliament can deal with the wage fund, with the employment of non-unionists, nor with the apprenticeship question. Distinct from the district boards of conciliation and arbitration the commission favors the appointment by the government of a board of official arbitrators, which shall sit in judgment on any trade dispute on the application of the parties interested or of local boards of conciliation. These are some of the principal suggestions of the voluminous report.

The Pay of Artists.

The Japanese artist making a few shillings or pounds a month may well cast longing eyes at his English brothers. The late Frank Holl is believed to have made as much as £30,000 one year; the late Mr. Long £16,000 one year, and Millais is understood to have average £20,000 for some years. Between £20,000 and £30,000 was paid for a single picture of Meissonier's while he was alive, and its American owner was said to have given £22,000 for Millet's "Angelus." Holman Hunt's "Light of the World" is believed to have brought him £10,000, and Burne-Jones' "Briar Rose" series $12,000, though the dealer made about £10,000 more out of them. Coming to quite recent times, Mr. Alma-Tadema not so very long ago received £6,000 for a picture, and Mr. Herkimer is credited with making ten or twelve thousand a year. Of course, the actual prices of pictures are not easy to ascertain until they come to be sold at Christie's, unless they are bought for the Chantrey Bequest, or certain great provincial galleries, such as those of Birmingham, Manchester and Liverpool. Even the public galleries of the colonies are credited with a munificence which was never in their power. Almost the safest way of keeping within the mark is to look at the price paid by the Chantrey Bequest. These are generally considerably under the market price where popular artists are concerned.—London Graphic.

Baths and Bacilli.

The microbe and the bacillus are of more terror to the modern housekeeper than dust by the pound used to be to the old-fashioned one, and a rule for disinfecting sinks is more appreciated in these days than a whole volume of recipts for angel's cake was in the days of old. Hence every woman will be more than interested in—she will be profoundly grateful for—the suggestions herein made.

In the ideal house, of course, drains may be laid and ventilators adjusted so that not even the most stubborn of maids can circumvent their use. But most houses still lack a little of the ideal. Bathrooms are not done in pale green tiles and white marble, but zinc and marble still hold their own. To make these endurable enamel and varnished paper may be used. The moment the inside of the bath becomes stained and chipped it should be re-enammeled by an expert. The bath should be scrubbed first with strong soda and water, and then the first coat of enamel should be applied. Of course when the bath itself is perfectly and absolutely dry; then, after two days, another coat should be given, and then, after 24 hours more, the bath should be filled with cold water, which should be left in it for another similar space; then give one more coat of enamel, and allow it to thoroughly dry and harden, and you will have an absolutely perfect job, and any maid or boy could manage quite well.

Varnished paper is the best substitute or tiled walls yet known to lean purses. But even when the best sort of materials have been used only the best sort of care will ensure a really clean and sweet room. The moment the bathroom is left the second housemaid should go into it, dry the bath thoroughly, hang up the blankets on a long brass rail provided for the purpose, and she should also take back the towels to the room of that individual who has had the bath, for, of course, these should be kept distinct to each person, and no permanent towel or piece of soap should ever be allowed there. She should then open the window top and bottom to allow all steam to escape. No draperies are allowed in the perfect bathroom, but the windows are filled with cathedral glass in leaded squares, or, better still, in a less formal pattern.

Kitchen pipes and drains seldom need the attention of a plumber, but do need the daily use of hot water and soda. And all houses in which the pipes are not arranged according to the most scientific and sanitary of principles should have the windows of every room partly open all the time. Fresh air is the deadliest foe of the bacillus, and three inches open at the top of a window in every room will prevent typhoid fever.—New York World.

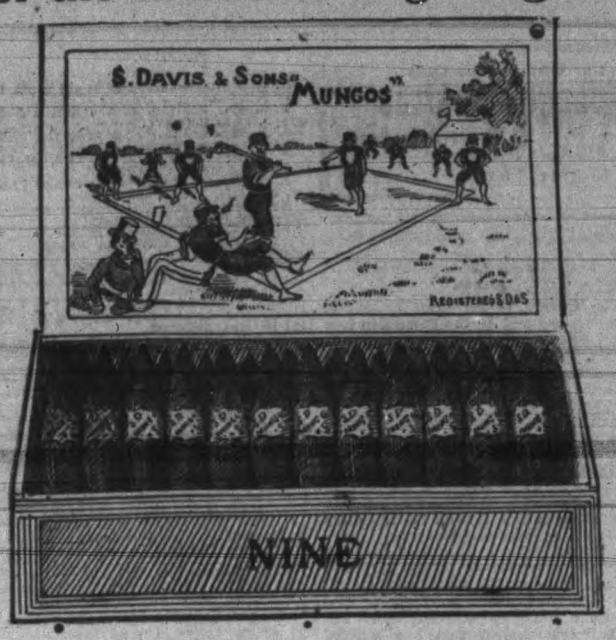
Measuring Muscle Strength.

A dynamometer for the measurement of muscular strength is being introduced for gymnasium purposes. In future there will be no groping in the dark when the young college athlete is taken in hand by his trainers for preparation for the boat race or for the football match. Every important muscle in his body can be tested, and its strength or weakness at once indicated. In this way man's weak point is discovered without serious loss of time, and special attention can thenceforth be directed toward the "leveling up" of his physique. The old method of testing a man's muscle by its size, or even by its hardness, will no longer be used, and strength tests will supersede these unreliable systems of measurement. The muscular strength of the various portions of the arms and legs can now be differentiated. As a sample instance of the possibilities of the new method, it may be stated that by ascertaining the strength of the abductors of the leg by the dynamometer, a bad gait can promptly be cured, as the proper exercise for the weakened muscles can at once be determined. The dynamometer is hung on two heavy iron rods, placed in a vertical position, with their ends fastened securely to the floor. It can be adjusted to any height—to the waist, feet or neck. The muscles tested are directly upon a lever which is connected with a piston working in a chamber filled with oil. The pressure is transmitted to a column of mercury, and the result in pounds is recorded in a slender glass tube.

Locked for Twenty-Five Years.

"One of the curiosities to be found in southern Ohio, not far from Chillicothe, is a country store," says R. C. Wortham at the Lindell. "A country store is not usually an object of special interest, but this one has remained as it now is for over thirty years without the change of a single article. When the war broke out the man who owned the store had a son. The father was intensely loyal and persuaded the son to enlist, promising the son that if he should enlist the store and its contents should be his when he returned. Another call for troops came and the old man locked up the store and shouldered a musket. He remained in the army until peace was declared and then returned to his home. His wife had died in the meantime, and no tidings had ever been received from the son. The father worked a small farm that he owned, but never entered the store, saying that it should be there as it was when the son came home to claim it. A quarter of a century has gone, but no word yet from the missing son, and the store stands locked just as it was over thirty years ago, the old man now in his dotage, refusing to allow anyone to enter it."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Fac Simile Label of the famous Mungo Cigar.



S. Davis & Son's Celebrated Brand can be had at E. A. Morris' Cigar Store.

IF YOUR TONGUE IS COATED YOU NEED THEM

ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENCES.

They are not a cure all, but are the best medicine known for Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood or sluggish liver.

25 CENTS A BOX.

Ask Your Druggist For Them.

Babies need fat

Mother's milk, though thin and watery in appearance, contains from 2 to 6 per cent. of fat.

Fat is needed, not only for the growth of brain and nerves, which is very rapid in children, but also for the perfect formation of the other tissues.

MILK GRANULES

contains 3 per cent. of butter fat, and it is

The Perfect Equivalent of Mother's Milk

For sale by all Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

FERRY'S SEEDS

Are just what every sower needs. The merits of Ferry's Seeds form the foundation upon which has been built the largest seed business in the world. Ferry's Seed Annual for 1894 contains the sum and substance of the latest farming knowledge. Free to all applying for the asking.

D. M. FERRY & CO., Windsor, Ont.

See that horse?

He has a smooth and glossy coat and feels in good enough condition to win the

"DERBY"

and so would any horse if its owner used

DICK'S BLOOD PURIFIER.

It renews the system, enriches the blood and gives nature a fair chance, is also an unfailing eradicator of bots and worms. It is just as good for cattle as for horses. Try a 50c. package if your horses or cattle are not thriving. For a spavin, curb, ringbone, or splint, use Dick's Blister, 50c.—Dick's Liniment for sprains, swellings, bruises, etc., 25c.—Dick's Ointment for scratches, old sores, saddle galls, etc., 25c., mailed on receipt of price.

DICK & CO., P.O. Box 482 Montreal.

The Improved Royal Incubator

Simple and reliable, hatches all kinds of eggs. Hundreds in successful operation. Send for circular, free. Address J. S. SMITH, Incubator Works, Chatham, N. B. 112-3m

PANTS Send for Samples, Latest Measure and Measurement Blanks. Suits from $13. Agents wanted. $3 TO ORDER

DOMINION PANTS CO.

364 and 366 St. James Street, Montreal.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia, in Probate.

In the matter of the "Official Administrators' Act," and in the matter of the Estate of Thomas Moffit, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Crease, made this 9th day of March, 1894, Thomas P. Reed, official administrator for the County Court, District of Cariboo, was appointed administrator of all and singular the goods and chattels and credits of Thomas Moffit, late of Barkerville, deceased.

Dated March 9th, 1894.

DAVIE, POOLEY & LUXTON, Solicitors for Thomas P. Reed.

mar15-2t

Blood

should be rich to insure health. Poor blood means Anæmia; diseased blood means Scrofula.

Scott's Emulsion

the Cream of Cod-liver Oil, enriches the blood; cures Anæmia, Scrofula, Coughs, Colds, Weak Lungs, and Wasting Diseases. *Physicians*, the world over, endorse it.

Don't be deceived by Substitutes!

Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

Unwritten Law in the Best Society

For Dinners, House Parties, Afternoon Receptions and Five o'Clocks, the necessary, nay, the indispensable adjunct to the correct repast is

Chocolat-Menier?

Only Vanilla Chocolate of highest grade, is manufactured by MENIER—Beneficial even for the most delicate.

Can be taken just before retiring.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR CHOCOLAT MENIER. ANNUAL SALES EXCEED 20 MILLION POUNDS

If he hasn't it on sale send his name and your address to MENIER, Canadian Branch, No. 14 St. John St., Montreal, Que.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.

Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Saturdays.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.
		Lv.	Ar.
0	WELLINGTON	2.30 P M	12.45 P M
1.5	NANAIMO	2.40	12.55
3.5	EXTENSION	2.50	1.05
6.5	OYSTER BAY SIDING	3.05	1.20
9.5	CHEMAINUS	3.20	1.35
13.5	DUNCANS	3.35	1.50
18.5	KOKSILAH	3.48	2.03
21.5	COBBLE HILL	3.58	2.13
25.5	SOOKE	4.13	2.28
30.5	ESQUIMALT	4.28	2.43
33.5	VICTORIA	4.40 P M	2.55 P M
		Ar.	Lv.

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.

Miles from Victoria.	No. 2 Passenger Saturdays	No. 1 Passenger Daily.
	Dp.	Dp.
0	VICTORIA	9.30 A M
2.5	ESQUIMALT	9.41
5.5	SOOKE	9.56
10.5	COBBLE HILL	10.11
14.5	KOKSILAH	10.21
19.5	DUNCANS	10.34
22.5	CHEMAINUS	10.44
26.5	OYSTER BAY SIDING	10.59
29.5	EXTENSION	11.14
31.5	NANAIMO	11.24
33.5	WELLINGTON	11.34 A M
		Ar.

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.

H. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,

Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

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Passengers leave Victoria at 7.30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and first and second class coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonnet's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

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F. I. WHITNEY, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt. St. Paul, Minnesota.

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Boston, Montreal, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Toronto.

R. M. Steamship Arawa sails for Australia via Honolulu April 10th.

R. M. Steamship Empress of Japan sails for Hong Kong via Yokohama April 23rd.

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Pullman Sleeping Cars, Elegant Dining Cars, Tourist Sleeping Cars,

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7 00 pm	Lv	Mt	... Tacoma ... 110 Ar 7 30 pm
9 15 pm	Lv	28	... Seattle ... 82 Lv 1 45 pm
12 30 am	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend 38 Lv 10 30 am
5 30 am	Ar	110	... Victoria ... 82 Lv 7 30 am

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For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

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J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.

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CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

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ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

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The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

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Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

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STEAMER JOAN

J. B. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria ..... Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox ..... Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo ..... Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria ..... Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria, 88 Store street.

Nice, New, Nobby SPRING SUITS. New Cut. New Patterns B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

KOOTENAY CROPPINGS.

The Trend of Events at the Mines and Mining Towns.

SPRING CAUSES REVIVAL OF BUSINESS

Work on the Railroads and Highways—Heavier Ore Shipments—New Freight Rates—Doings of Well-Known People.

Nelson Tribune.

H. H. St. John, who was arrested at Ratalsum, Idaho, for unbuttoned like practices, is now in jail at Nelson awaiting a preliminary hearing.

Captain Gore is again at his post on the steamer Columbia, having fully recovered from an illness that kept him pretty closely confined to his home last winter. He is having his first experience in running a loaded steamboat through the rapids of the lower Columbia in low water.

Track laying was resumed on the Revelstoke and Arrow Lake branch of the Canadian Pacific on Monday, and by the time the Wigwam is reached the stage of water in the river will be such as to allow the Lytton to make regular trips north from Robson.

The Silver King is again to the front as the largest employer of labor of any mine in Southern Kootenay. Over fifty names are now on the pay roll, and as the road has been opened in order to get in supplies the force will be increased to the full capacity of the building accommodations.

Ed Sisson, who has been employed as a timber man on the Nakusp & Slocan railway, was brought to the hospital at Nelson on Sunday last, suffering from a cut in the foot, received over a month ago. Although the hospital fee of $1 a month is deducted from the men working on the road the company has neither physician nor hospital. This is one of the ways in which workingmen are robbed by government aided railway companies.

One day this week G. H. Andrews, who has a claim on the trail between Nelson and the Silver King mine, was brought down on a toboggan from his cabin and taken to the hospital, suffering from old age.

The people of Waneta, Fort Sheppard and Boundary are somewhat jubilant over the prospects in store for them. The hydraulic company operating on the north side of the Pend d'Oreille put fifteen men at work this week, and more are expected to be put on in a few days. The ground on the south side of the river has been acquired by a company said to be financially able to open it. A lead mine has been discovered on Cedar creek, a tributary of the Pend d'Oreille, seven miles distant from Boundary, that shows a vein 6 1-2 feet wide of ore that runs 75 per cent. lead and a few ounces of silver. A number of men take from $2.50 to $3 a day on the bars in the Columbia and in crevicing near the mouth of the Pend d'Oreille. There is also considerable travel to and from the mines in the Trail creek district.

The C. & K. S. N. Co. has the reputation of letting the deck hands on its steamers work just as many hours a day as there are hours in the day. At present one of the company's steamers, the Columbia, is engaged in transporting ore from Trail to Northport, and as the ore is handled in bulk the deck hands are kept busy night and day loading and unloading. While at Trail one of the deck hands was asked where he slept. He replied: "Well, Bob, I don't know; I have only worked for this company three days."

The collector of customs at Northport, in the state of Washington, is a zealous official, and no dutiable article escapes his eagle eye. The other day Augustus Carney, one of Kaslo's prominent citizens, was on his way to Victoria on an important mission. Before leaving Kaslo Mr. Carney bought a pair of pants so as to be able to make a presentable appearance in the capital city. The new pants were stowed away in a valise along with a big bundle of documents that went to show that the Kaslo & Slocan railway was as fairly entitled to a government subsidy as any other railway in the province. At Northport the valise was opened for customs inspection. Uncle Sam's collector unrolled the documents and duly marked them "no value," but when he unfolded the pants trouble commenced. Said he: "I will have to tax you $3.50 on them pants." Said Carney: "I paid *out* $4.50 for them in the city of Kaslo, and you can take the pants." The pants are now in the seizure room of the customs office at Northport, and Mr. Carney is in Victoria attending to his mission arrayed in a grin smile and a pair of every day pants.

Notwithstanding all reports to the contrary the Nelson and Fort Sheppard track still runs through Beaver canyon, but for a mile and three quarters it is in a crippled condition from embankments sliding away, slopes sliding down and bridges getting out of line. However, Superintendent George says he will have the road opened for freight traffic in seven or eight days, but he will do well if he has it open to stay open by May 1st. There is no great delay in handling passengers, those leaving Nelson on Friday arriving at Spokane on time. Baggage and express are "toted" across the break by men employed on the railway, the passengers "toting" themselves across. Going south about an hour is required in making the transfer, and about twice that time is consumed in making the northbound transfer. The recent long delays were not caused by breaks on the Nelson and Fort Sheppard, but by slides on the Spokane and Northern at Deadman's Eddy and Seven Devils. About a hundred men are employed, and as many more could be worked to advantage.

Kaslo Times.

Owing to the bad condition of the road the New Denver stage leaves Kaslo every alternate day.

About forty tons of high grade ore from the Lucky Boy mine in Jackson's basin is being hauled from Bell's to Kaslo for shipment to one of the American smelters.

A large quantity of freight consigned to different parties in this city is detained by the slides on the Nelson and Fort Sheppard railway.

One of the most promising mines in the Slocan country is the Lucky Boy, situate on Jackson creek. The development work consists of a tunnel which at present is run a distance of three hundred feet. Seven men are now working on the property. The ledge is from four to six feet wide, the filling being concentrated ore. There is a chute of clean galena ore from fifteen to eighteen inches in width. About forty tons of hight grade ore are now in transit from the mine to Kaslo for shipment to the smelter. This ore has an average value of 150 ounces in silver and runs 77 per cent. lead.

Nelson Miner.

Customs Officer Macfarlane was thrown from a horse on Friday afternoon, straining his left shoulder.

Frank Fleather, of the C. & K. land department, has some men at work on the wagon road between the N. & F. S. depot and the town. The present aim is to render the road passable until such time as a good road can be made.

Robert Day, J. Fred Hume and H. E. Croasdaile have located a piece of placer ground on the eastern side of Hall creek, comprising in all some eight acres. The locators are seeking a lease of the ground.

The activity of the Nelson Hydraulic Mining company has awakened some interest in placer propositions. J. A. Turner and G. P. O'Farrell have applied for a lease of 127 acres on Forty-Nine creek, commencing at the eastern boundary of the Nelson Hydraulic company's property.

The Nelson Hydraulic company's piping for their property on Forty-Nine creek, consisting of 1,100 feet, will be here within a day or two. The secretary is securing tenders for freighting the pipe on to the company's grounds. It is expected that the ground will be ready for working by April 20th.

The claims are situated a short distance from Woodbury creek, and are known as the Wakefield, Amazon and Bullwise. The company proposes doing extensive work on the properties this spring, driving in at least two good tunnels. The manager, A. D. Westly, has applied for three hundred inches of water from Woodbury creek, with a view to securing power to work one or more large drills.

The Poorman has resumed work with 250 men. The Bunker Hill now has 365 employed every day. The Gem was opened up a week ago, and is now working 100 men. The Standard is carrying 70 men. The Tiger has increased its force from 30 to 74. Even the Last Chance is expected to resume operations soon, as everybody believes the recent decision of a parallel Montana case will soon give the property to its Spokane owners. All over the Coeur d'Alenes the people are taking more courage, money is growing more plentiful and conditions in general are growing better every day.

A Reminiscence of Frontier Days.

Muncie, Ind., April 12.—Mrs. Sarah Morris, the widow of William Morris, whose ranch, known as the American ranch, located on the Platte river in Nebraska, 130 miles east of Denver, was destroyed in 1865 by the Cheyenne Indians, has begun proceedings to establish a claim against the government. Mrs. Morris now lives here and is suffering from the wounds she received during the raid. When the Indians broke in the door Mr. Morris and his wife, carrying the baby, rushed out of the rear. The last she saw of her husband was in the flight to the river. She was shot with arrows and stabbed until unconscious. Suffering bitterly from the wounds she was compelled to travel day and night without rest or food. For three months she could not lie down. In three months her baby was brought to her. It was afraid of the chief and that angered him and he killed it. After six months she was delivered up at Fort Rice in Dakota. The basis of her suit is that the government failed to afford military protection, having withdrawn the troops stationed at the ranch a few days before the massacre.

HERE AND THERE.

The new magazine rifle which the French army is experimenting with can be fired 100 times without being taken from the shoulder, and the cartridge only weighs half as much as ordinary ammunition.

Competent authorities estimate that not less than 400,000,000 human mummies were made in Egypt from the time of the beginning of the art of embalming until its discontinuance in the seventh century. Herodotus and Diodorus both agree in the statement that there were three grades in the embalming process, the first costing not less than a sum equal to $1,225, the second about one-fifth that amount, and the third cheaper than common earth burial.

Stocks and Bonds.

New York, April 12.—Extreme dulness characterized speculation at the Stock Exchange throughout the day. The sales were again under the hundred thousand share mark, the exact total being 98,515 shares. This was little in the way of news to affect prices and as London only sent struggling orders, the execution had no influence. On the announcement that two firms would probably ship a total of $1,250,000 gold on Saturday, and that still another house would positively forward $500,000, an attempt was made to suppress the stock market, but the "bears" met with a poor reward. They added to their outstanding short lines; but failed to dislodge "long" stocks in any volume. The usually prominent railway shares fluctuated within a range of 1-8 or 3-4 per cent, and closed at a small fraction below last night's finals. Chicago Gas developed strength despite the long delay on the part of Attorney-General Maloney in rendering a decision on the quo warranto matter. Closing bids: Canada Southern, 51 1-4; Canadian Pacific, 75 1-2; Wells Fargo Express, 122; Great Northern, preferred, 165; Lake Shore, 129 1-2; North American, 5 1-8; Northern Pacific, 5 7-8; do., preferred, 21 1-4; Northwestern, 100; Oregon Navigation, 25; Oregon Improvement, 15 1-2; Southern Pacific, 23; St. Paul, 3 3-4.

Hood's and Only Hood's.

Are you weak and weary, overworked and tired? Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medicine you need to purify and quicken your blood and to give you appetite and strength. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other. Any effort to substitute another remedy is proof of the merit of Hood's.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, cures headache. Try a box.

Argyle House

JUST RECEIVED

1 Case Lace Curtains

2 1-2 yds. long, Taped and Scollaped, 50c. a pair. New Patterns.

2 1-2 yds. long, Taped and Scollaped, 60c. a pair. Double border.

2 1-2 yds. long, Taped and Scollaped, 75c. a pair. Extra value.

3 yds. long, Taped and Scollaped, $1 a pair. A very pretty design.

3 yds. long, Taped and Scollaped, $1.25 a pair. A nice curtain for bedrooms.

3 yds. long, Taped and Scollaped, $1.50 a pair. A good Curtain for sitting rooms.

Double Width Curtain Net, for long Curtains, 6 yds. for $1.

Curtain Net, for short Blinds, 10c. a yard.

ART MUSLINS in all widths and prices.

J. Horner & Co.

Bishop Bonacum's Crimes.

Omaha, April 12.—To-day the trial of Bishop Bonacum of Lincoln opened in Omaha. It promises to be a remarkable case in Catholic circles. One hundred priests and nuns are present to testify concerning the charges, which include tyranny, oppression, insubordination, inciting strife, slander and libel, violation of diocesan statutes, misappropriation, falsehood, peculation, undue influence, unjust favoritism, scandal, gambling and incitation to perjury. These are supplemented by 115 specifications. Heretofore bishops accused of grave offenses have been called to Rome and quietly suppressed by removal to some distant diocese or placed on the retired list. The sending of a papal delegate to the United States reversed this policy to some extent by creating a local court for the determination of questions of church management arising in this country. For certain reasons proceedings in the case of Bishop Bonacum will be heard before Archbishop Hennessey instead of the papal delegate. Appeals from the findings may be had to the papal delegate and finally to Rome. The progress of the case, the proceedings heretofore had and the prospects of an early determination excite keen interest among churchmen.

If the hair has been made to grow a natural color on bald heads in thousands of cases, by using Hall's Hair Renewer, why will it not in your case?

The reputation of the maker ought to go far to recommend a trial of a new article. Our thirty years of public record as

makers of leading brands of tobaccos, is offered as a reason for your testing

MASTIFF PLUG CUT

J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO., Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

YOUR FRIENDS IN THE EAST

Are all anxious to know all about Vancouver Island and British Columbia .....

EVERY RESIDENT of British Columbia who travels in the East is kept busy answering the many questions asked about the new El Dorado of the Pacific Northwest, and the indications are that hundreds of Eastern capitalists, merchants, bankers, farmers fruit growers, mechanics, etc., are turning Westward Ho! with British Columbia as an objective point. It goes without saying that every resident of this Province is interested in the development of our many resources and glad of an opportunity to supply their friends with reliable information concerning this country and its many attractions for the tourist and homeseeker.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

IS

A Well-Edited 16-page Paper,

Filled each week with news from all points of the Northwest, will tell the story of the happenings in this section of the Dominion of Canada in an interesting and acceptable manner. Why not send a copy regularly to your friends, relatives and acquaintances back East? It is cheaper than writing letters and a saving of much labor. Terms are as follows:

WEEKLY, six months - - $1.00
WEEKLY, one year - - - $2.00

Sample copies sent free to any address. All orders should be addressed to

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Victoria, B.C.

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PARLORS, 42 BROAD ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

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Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.
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VICTORIA COLLEGE,
BEACON HILL PARK.
(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.)

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates, University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply

PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
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Real Estate.

TO LEASE—1 farm of 67 acres, 6 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 9 miles from city with new 8-room house, etc., $250 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 20 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stable, etc., $200 per year.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property; ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.: 2 good roads to property; 265 acres fenced; 30 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post-office, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within 1 and two miles. Price, $2,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, 60x143 EACH. Splendid position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650) or single $225 each. Postoffice box 361.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

S. A. STODDART
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 20 years.

Nickle Alarm Clocks $1.10.

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
NELSON, B.C.

YOUR CHILD . . . IS UNACCOUNTABLY LOSING FLESH REFUSING TO TAKE ITS FOOD LISTLESS AND DEBILITATED

WHY DON'T YOU TRY Scott's EMULSION? IT WILL HELP WONDERFULLY

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

NANAIMO NEWS.

Doings of the Day at the Black Diamond City.

Ald. Ralph Craig has rested easily all day and is now progressing very favorably. Mr. C. Dempster's condition continues to improve.

C. H. Stickles, manager of the electric light works, is still seriously ill, but now shows signs of improvement.

It is understood that the political meeting announced for Saturday at Englishman's River, will not materialize on that date, but at a later period, when notice will be given.

J. Ward Bell returned last night from a visit to the Seymour Narrows logging camps. He reports everything very quiet in that section. The Hastings mill camp has re-opened with a gang of 40 men. The police naphtha launch has returned to Victoria.

George Johnston, who has been detained in custody since Monday on a charge of furious riding, resulting in the accident to Mr. C. Dempster, was admitted to bail in $500 this morning on the application of his solicitor, Mr. J. H. Simpson, Mr. C. H. Barker, who appeared for Mr. Dempster, consenting. E. Dudley, of Northfield, went security for the defendant. Johnson's case will come up again to-day week.

A desperate fight took place this morning early at Chemainus between two men employed in loading rock on to a scow. The combatants used the rocks they were handling as weapons of attack, with the result that one lost all his teeth and got his jaw broken whilst the other sustained a fracture of two ribs. Both men were passengers to Victoria this morning to undergo medical treatment, but they occupied different cars.

The South Wellington saw mill has closed after a successful and steady run of over 13 years. The mill has been owned and operated by Messrs. L. Mounce and Grant who have been connected with it since it was built. They worked as mill hands with Mr. Carpenter, the former owner. By strict attention to business these gentlemen have worked themselves up a profitable business and now on account of the scarcity of timber they are not able to run any longer. The machinery will be moved to their mill at Union, where they will replace the present machinery in use there. Lately Mr. Mounce has become connected with the Shawnigan Lake Lumbering Company, and they still continue to supply the Dunsmuirs' company with lumber and timber for their mines, and also building material for Wellington. In about a month Mr. Mounce will remove from here and Wellington will lose one of its most enterprising citizens, and will also suffer pecuniary loss, as Mr. Mounce employed several hands. Some of the men will still continue in their employ. Mrs. Mounce's absence will be greatly felt by the Methodist church.

Mr. Marchant, the talented Victorian orator, gives a lecture to-night at the co-operative hall on that remarkable man, Oliver Cromwell, the regicide. Much as we may disagree with the subject of the lecture, the extraordinary character of the man, handled as it will be by the fine analytical mind of Mr. Marchant will be well worth a visit to hear. In connection we may add that it has been suggested that Mr. Marchant be approached to deliver the lecture on Queen Elizabeth referred to in these columns yesterday morning. We would then have an opportunity of testing his powers as an actor as well as an orator, for a lecture on the founder of the British Empire would admit of much dramatic effect in dealing with the jealous envoys of opposing nations in the scramble for the land of the new world then just being discovered.

Brief Locals.

—Latest arrivals at Weiler Bros.—Sash curtaining in nets, muslin, lace, etc. Very pretty and cheap.

—Every lady in Victoria will find something interesting in the Stanley House ad. in this paper. It is new goods this time at bankrupt prices.

—"Potato John," a noted character around the city, is reported to be in possession of a legacy of $5,000, left by a brother in the old country.

—The Teachers' Association met in Y. M. C. A. hall at 2:30 this afternoon. Inspector Burns delivered a lecture on applied psychology. Miss Spears read a paper, there was the usual question drawer and an exhibition of club swinging.

—Firemen throughout the world are noted for their charitable deeds. Even the lower animals seek sympathy in fire halls. Last evening a three-legged dog limped into No. 1 hall and made its home in the hay loft. "Smuggles," the pet of the department, became furious and left in disgust, making his way to No. 4 hall, James Bay. The new arrival underwent an operation some time ago, and if the owner sets any value on his disabled pet he will call at the fire station.

—The New York Tribune in a recent notice said: "Unlike other foreign artists who come to this country, Mosco has the wisdom of surrounding himself with a first-class company, and is happy when his company receives some of the glory he receives each night, hence his great success, both financially and artistically, in America. On his last California tour he played fifteen nights to an average of $1,200 a night, the largest receipts ever made by any virtuoso in America." This great musician, surrounded by a company of the finest vocal and instrumental artists in America, will be heard at the Victoria theatre this evening. Nobody pretending to have a love for the best in music will miss this rare treat.

—Two men named Dold and Rowe were arrested this afternoon by Constable Kavanagh for fighting on Johnson street.

—The United States consul reports that business between Victoria and the Sound has been "picking up" during the last two weeks. The exports amount to more than they have for several months.

—The performance of Mikado last night was even better than the first, and was presented to a large and appreciative audience. A matinee will be given to-morrow afternoon at reduced prices, 50 cents for adults and 25 cents for children, gallery 25 cents. All who have not seen the pretty little opera by this really splendid company should not miss the opportunity.

—It is understood that C. F. Law, who was commissioner at the World's fair from British Columbia, has discovered somewhere in the interior of the province an extensive bed of kainite. When last in the city Mr. Law told several gentlemen about his find, but declined to state where it was located. This is considered a very valuable find, the only other place where it exists in abundance being in the neighborhood of the Strasbourg, Germany, salt mines. The crude kainite is used largely for fertilizing, and is also used extensively in the manufacture of other acids and drugs. Several million dollars worth of it is annually exported from Strasbourg.

—Another dwelling house was burned on Joseph street, near Ross Bay, at 4.55 this morning. The building, a one-story frame, was owned and occupied by John McKerlie. The occupants escaped with their lives, and willing neighbors supplied them with clothing. Chief Deasy went out to the fire with the chemical engine. When the firemen reached the place a pile of burning embers was all that remained. The house was valued at $300. The building and contents were insured in the London & Lancashire, R. Ward & Co., agents, for $800. Chief Deasy states that the building was located in a large field, nearly a mile from the hydrants, and it was impossible to take the chemical engine over the ground on account of the spongy soil. A district messenger boy reported the fire at No. 2 fire hall and the fire department turned out on a still alarm.

—Premier Davie yesterday received a deputation of sealing men, composed of Captain William Grant, F. Adams, Captain Hackett, William Munsie, Richard Hall, R. Seabrook, G. H. Brown and J. H. Stevenson. They contended that as the sealing schooners had left before any law was made to carry out the regulations, the orders given by the owners to the captains were to continue sealing until warned, and then to immediately make for the nearest port. They felt it would be a hardship if these vessels should be detained before receiving warning to desist during the close season declared by the act (May 1 to July 31). They wanted, therefore, to have it urged upon the Imperial government that a warning should be given before detention or seizure of such vessels. The premier promised to consider the matter. At a subsequent meeting the sealers drafted telegrams to be sent to Sir George Baden Powell and T. G. Bowles, M. P., who are taking an interest in the bill before the Imperial house. They called their attention to the resolution passed by the local legislature and asked that they should insist on a warning being given to sealers before seizure.

UP BARCLAY SOUND.

Imported Hay for Farmers—Heavy Snow in the Mountains.

Alberni, B. C., April 12.—The steamer Maude came in last week with a cargo of hay, a sad reflection on the energy of ranchers here, some of whom have been in the valley eight or ten years and cannot raise enough hay to feed their stock through the winter.

Last night a subscription ball was held in Ward's hotel building. About thirty couples were present and all enjoyed themselves.

The snow in the mountains about China Creek is very deep, up to the head, near the Golden Eagle camp, it varies from 8 to 20 feet deep, the former depth being on the roof of the cabin. A snowslide has swept down over the tunnel and swept all before it. It is rumored here that the Duke of Montrose is coming to see the Golden Eagle.

It is reported that several claims have been recorded by different parties and litigation may be looked for in that connection.

Prospectors cannot do much for some time to come except on the lower ranges.

Although twenty years have elapsed since the great Moody and Sanky meetings in Boston there has been no apparent diminution in the success of these religious leaders in making converts, as the recent remarkable demonstrations in Washington have shown. But in this lapse of time Moody has grown stout and grey and Sankey's shrill voice has not improved in quality. It is not the purity of their voices in oratory or singing that effects these results, but rather their simple, straightforward way.

Mr. Younghusband—Oh, doctor, come at once. My wife is suffering awful torture."

Doctor—"Is it so bad as that?"

Mr. Younghusband—"Yes, she has such a cold she can't speak."

NATIONAL MILLS,

OUTER WHARF.

TRY Our Special CHOP FEED

$20.00 per ton.

The Brackman & Ker Milling Co., Ltd.

125 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA B.C.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

THE TURF.

DOBLE'S DENIAL.

Chicago, April 9.—Budd Doble is indignant at the report that he will drive no more. "There is not a particle of truth in it," he declared, "and I cannot imagine how the report got started. I expect to drive more this year than I ever did in my life. I am in splendid health and can see no reason why I should consider retiring, as the dispatch says."

THE RING.

CORBETT CO-RESPONDENT.

San Bernardino, Cal., April 12.—A sensational divorce case was tried in the superior court to-day before Judge Otis, in which Elizabeth Johnson was plaintiff and H. M. Johnson defendant. Both were residents of Redlands. The husband filed a cross bill alleging adultery, and named as co-respondents James J. Corbett and J. E. Mallingen. As the plaintiff did not appear at the trial, the court granted the divorce on the husband's cross bill.

ATHLETICS.

INTERCOLLEGIATE MEETING.

Chicago, April 12.—The Chicago Athletic Club is completing arrangements for a general track and field meeting, to be open to the athletic gentlemen of all colleges in the west, and to be held on June 2nd. The events will include runs, high and low hurdle races, one-mile walk, running jump and broad jumps, pole vault for height, throwing 16-pound hammers, putting 16-pound shot and one-mile bicycle races. The events are the same as those at the Mott Haven games, and it will be possible to compare the records of the two meetings. Many of the principle western colleges have announced their intention to take part in the meet.

LACROSSE.

BACK FROM WINNIPEG.

The members of the British Columbia lacrosse teams, who played a series of games at the Midwinter fair, returned this morning on the Umatilla thoroughly pleased with their trip. The Canadian Auxiliary took good care of them while in the Bay City and did everything to make their visit an agreeable one. There are many lacrosse enthusiasts in San Francisco, whose numbers were added to by the visit of the British Columbia teams. The teams were evenly divided, so that a good exhibition was given of Canada's national game.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

Daily Chronicle of Events in The Great Republic.

Topeka, Kan., April 12.—During the past three days the prairies of Western Kansas have been swept by destructive fires. Many fences, hay and straw stacks and outbuildings have been consumed. In front of the wind the flames leaped ten and fifteen feet high. Several farmers barely saved their homes. They sent a couries to Ashland for help, where wagons were procured, loaded with men and barrels of water, and sent to the relief of the people. A strip of prairie two miles long and sixty feet wide was thoroughly saturated by the people who had come to the rescue with the water, and the fire was finally hemmed in.

Colorado Springs, Colo., April 12.—The greatest gold strike of the year at Cripple Creek is reported in the Caledonia. The mine is located with the vein, which is eighty feet wide. The lowest assay shows $9 to the ton; a half-ton assayed $400 to the ton. Several feet will run half the amount. Quartz streaks three to four inches wide will give as high as $1,000 to $1,500. The mine has been opened two years, but attention has been called away from it and its richness was not dreamed of.

New York, April 13.—F. R. Post, a prominent operator in wheat, was posted to-day as being unable to meet his liabilities.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 13.—Up to noon ten men, mostly Poles, employed in the glucose works, had not been accounted for, and it is believed they perished in the flames.

Pittsburg, April 13.—The report that a call had been made from the coke regions for troops is denied at the executive.

Elizabethtown, Ky., April 13.—Fire here threatens to destroy the business portion of the city.

New York, April 13.—Wall street stocks opened steady, fractionally changed. W. U. opened at 85 5-8.

New York, April 13.—Minister to Chili Porter and Bishop Henly, of San Francisco, arrived to-day on the Columbia from Colon.

St. Louis, April 13.—Charles Wisdom, colored, was hanged to-day for the murder of Edward Drexler in April last.

The Right of Asylum.

There has been a good deal of talk in London lately about the right of asylum supposed to be enjoyed there by Anarchists and other foes of the human race, and the Law Journal says that it is true that the legal aspect of this case should be considered. It says that the right of asylum under international law has been repeatedly appealed to as bearing on the Anarchist plots, but it is not at all decisive. In countries where the right of Asylum is vigorously upheld, such as France, expulsion by administrative order is a matter of daily occurrence. Again, the highest authorities hold that the right has no application to Anarchist outrages. What has really made England an Alsatia for such criminals is not, it says, the right of asylum, but the foreign practice of expulsion confoined with English law which prevents expulsion. The historical origin of the right of asylum in international law is to be found in the protection granted by modern European states of different religions to refugees of their respective faiths, to the like protection granted to fugitive slaves, and, lastly, to English protection to those fugitives who had endeavored to introduce on the Continent governmental institutions in harmony with English ideas of constitutional liberty. The total inapplicability of the right of asylum to an international conspiracy of criminals is too plain to need arguing about. Another point frequently raised is the absence of governmental power of expulsion. It is unnecessarily taken for granted that such a power, if established in England, would be attended with all the inconveniences found in connection with its exercise on the Continent. It would be possible to have the legal right of expulsion without conferring arbitrary power on the Executive. It would be quite in harmony with the spirit of the English law, the Journal thinks, to suggest the exercise of the power in every case to preliminary judicial investigation and approval. English constitutional liberty, it adds, rests not on the absence of governmental power to expel, but on the presence of those safeguards of judicial investigation which are the symbol and safeguard of the rule of law.—New York Post.

If the hair has been made to grow a natural color on bald heads in thousands of cases, by using Hall's Hair Renewer, why will it not in your case?

General News.

Vienna, April 13.—The Emperor of Germany arrived this morning and was met at the station by Emperor Francis Joseph. The two emperors were driven to the palace. William dined at the barracks this evening, and will start for Karlsruhe to-morrow.

The Gladstones.

London, April 13.—Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone arrived in London from Hawarden at noon to-day, and drove to the residence of Lord Aberdeen, where they will remain during their stay. Mr. Gladstone has notified the Liberal Churchmen's Union that he cannot attend their meeting.

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. Umatilla from San Francisco—E B Marvin, Mrs A Worthylake, Mrs M Adams and child, W S Twogood and wife, H Taylor, C K Snell, Y T Lewis, E H Probert, C N McDonald, D Doing, Mrs A Hays, R W Clarke, W H Cullen, C L Cullen, J P Hydes, F A Gowan, A B McKenzie, H Royal, F R Peele, H J Peele, Thos Spain, J Quann, R H Cheyne, J F Allen, Jas Allen, J R Stuart, J Matheson, wife, son and daughter, J W Rogers and wife, Miss Annie E Spencer, A E McNaughton and wife, Mrs Boucher, J F Outsall, A Rutherford, Mrs R J Horton and daughter, E D Jones, F P Miller, H Carey, W Ahstle, L W Suter, Mrs Wilson and daughter, J W Smith and wife, Mrs J D Gordon and son, H L Edmonds, W H Field, Jas M Holland, M Howell, A M Li Chalmers, F L Christie, J F Sprinkling, F E Cullen, A E Wade, L Philip, K Campbell, R Ralph, W H Quann, D A Smith, E Morency, W C Jackson, S Norman, R Finlayson, A Taylor, J Myers, C A Coldwell and 27 steerage.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—T A Graham, Mrs Waddell, S S Bailey, W E McKee and wife, Capt Anderson, Mrs Bloomfield, J Robinson, F M Sullivan, W F Bassett, C Monarch, Joe Monarch, Fred Elliott, W E Johnson and wife, Miss Bloomfield, Mrs Haines, W L Ross and wife, Mrs Lyecas, W Duncan, Ovide Musin and wife, A Godwin, R C Smith, T G Casans, C T O Bell, E Scharf, H D Thomas jr, Miss Bonsall, W Bell, Mrs Fleshum.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—W Celand, Mrs Storm, G D Graham, Thos Hooper, W J LePoint, Sir Arthur Stepney, J Cabe, E C Cracknell, W D Abbott, A A Crawford, G Culspero, Jas Burke, G W Farley, Mrs Parnell, H Ross Rooper, J A Thompson, J Campbell, Everett, W Harkin, J A Kennery, K Sheridan, A McLean, Mrs Goatly, A Davis, Mrs Farley, F M Yorke, Mrs Hooper, Capt Cates, Miss Hall, A E McKay, A Glass, W A Dier, P Clousen, Mrs Mann, F J Hardocks, P R Storm, Mrs Anderson, G Leisef, Mrs J Bunzen, Mrs Lassen, A Bein, Rev Jos Hall, W E Peck, A H Harman.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Jas McMillan, J Mitchell, H Bornstein, C E Jones, Erskine Wall & Co, W Blackie, S Leiser, Hon C E Pooley, G W Farley, Dom Exp Co.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—R Baker & Son, J H Todd & Son, S Leiser & Co, S R Holmes, W J Cusak.

Per Str. Umatilla from San Francisco—Albion Iron Works, Allice & Ault, A Taylor, Brackman & Ker M Co, Bank of B N A, Braden & Son, D H Ross & Co, E B Marvin & Co, E G Prior & Co, Erskine Wall & Co, Fou Yuen, Fell & Co, Order of Odd Fellows, Hudson Bay Co, H Bornstein, Johns Bros, J H Horton, J A Cohen, J & A Clearihue, J H Todd & Co, Lai Wah, L Dickenson, Langley & Co, Nicholles & R, Perry & Turner, P McQuade & Son, R Broderick, R P Rithet & Co, R Baker & Son, R Beauchamp, S Leiser & Co, Speed Bros, Standard Oil Co, S M Hartman, S Schoen, Tai Sang, Valo & Brooks, W J Pendray, A B Johnson & Co, H Mayle, John Matheson, May L Dove, R Balfour, F R Stewart, McMillan & Hamilton, Philips Bros, Winch & Bower, Wells Fargo & Co.

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to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I took three bottles, the sores healed, and I have not been troubled since. Only the scars remain, and the memory of the past, to remind me of the good Ayer's Sarsaparilla has done me. I now weigh two hundred and twenty pounds, and am in the best of health. I have been on the road for the past twelve years, have noticed Ayer's Sarsaparilla advertised in all parts of the United States, and always take pleasure in telling what good it did for me."

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